

5

54

10

Also provided are methods for treating a disease by degrading the function of a target protein, comprising introducing, into a cell, a chimeric protein comprising a target-protein binding domain operatively linked to a protein-degradation binding domain of a protein member of the ubiquitin-mediated protein-degradation family. For example, for a variety of proteins which, when expressed in overabundant or mutated form (e.g., an oncoprotein such as ras, or a genetic mutation, such as in the CF gene (cystic fibrosis gene) result in a known pathology, the chimeric protein of the invention may be used to therapeutically treat the disease, by way of reducing or completely eliminating, via protein degradation, the pathology causing protein. This treatment comprises fusion of a protein domain which binds the target pathology causing protein (i.e., the protein which causes the illness) with a particular protein-degradation binding domain as described herein. This chimeric protein may then be delivered to the location of the protein which causes the illness by intravenous therapy or gene therapy employing the methods described herein, or any other method well-known to one skilled in the art for delivering a protein to its binding target. As used herein, "treatment of a disease" refers to a reduction in the effects of the disease, including reducing the symptoms of the disease.

20

In accordance with another embodiment of the present invention, there are provided methods for diagnosing cancer, said method comprising:

25

detecting, in said subject, a defective sequence or mutant of SEQ ID NOs:1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11 and 13.

30

35

40

45

50

55

5

55

10

In accordance with another embodiment of the present invention, there are provided diagnostic systems, preferably in kit form, comprising at least one invention nucleic acid in a suitable packaging material. The diagnostic nucleic acids are derived from the SMDP and/or SCP-encoding nucleic acids described herein. In one embodiment, for example, the diagnostic nucleic acids are derived from any of SEQ ID NOs:1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11 and 13. Invention diagnostic systems are useful for assaying for the presence or absence of nucleic acid encoding SMDP and/or SCP in either genomic DNA or in transcribed nucleic acid (such as mRNA or cDNA) encoding SMDP and/or SCP.

25

30

35

A suitable diagnostic system includes at least one invention nucleic acid, preferably two or more invention nucleic acids, as a separately packaged chemical reagent(s) in an amount sufficient for at least one assay. Instructions for use of the packaged reagent are also typically included. Those of skill in the art can readily incorporate invention nucleic probes and/or primers into kit form in combination with appropriate buffers and solutions for the practice of the invention methods as described herein.

40

45

50

As employed herein, the phrase "packaging material" refers to one or more physical structures used to house the contents of the kit, such as invention nucleic acid probes or primers, and the like. The packaging material is constructed by well known methods, preferably to provide a sterile, contaminant-free environment. The packaging material has a label which indicates that the invention nucleic acids can be used for detecting a particular sequence encoding SMDP and/or SCP including the nucleotide sequences set forth in SEQ

5

56

10

10 NOS:1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11 and 13 or mutations or deletions  
therein, thereby diagnosing the presence of, or a  
predisposition for, cancer. In addition, the packaging  
material contains instructions indicating how the  
5 materials within the kit are employed both to detect a  
particular sequence and diagnose the presence of, or a  
predisposition for, cancer.

15

20

The packaging materials employed herein in  
relation to diagnostic systems are those customarily  
10 utilized in nucleic acid-based diagnostic systems. As  
used herein, the term "package" refers to a solid matrix  
or material such as glass, plastic, paper, foil, and the  
like, capable of holding within fixed limits an isolated  
25 nucleic acid, oligonucleotide, or primer of the present  
invention. Thus, for example, a package can be a glass  
vial used to contain milligram quantities of a  
contemplated nucleic acid, oligonucleotide or primer, or  
30 it can be a microtiter plate well to which microgram  
quantities of a contemplated nucleic acid probe have been  
20 operatively affixed.

35

40

"Instructions for use" typically include a  
tangible expression describing the reagent concentration  
or at least one assay method parameter, such as the  
relative amounts of reagent and sample to be admixed,  
25 maintenance time periods for reagent/sample admixtures,  
temperature, buffer conditions, and the like.

50

45 All U.S. patents and all publications mentioned  
herein are incorporated in their entirety by reference  
thereto. The invention will now be described in greater  
30 detail by reference to the following non-limiting  
examples.

55

5

57

EXAMPLES

Unless otherwise stated, the present invention  
10 was performed using standard procedures, as described,  
for example in Maniatis et al., Molecular Cloning: A  
5 Laboratory Manual, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press,  
Cold Spring Harbor, New York, USA (1982); Sambrook et  
15 al., Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual (2 ed.), Cold  
Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Cold Spring Harbor, New  
York, USA (1989); Davis et al., Basic Methods in  
20 Molecular Biology, Elsevier Science Publishing, Inc., New  
York, USA (1986); or Methods in Enzymology: Guide to  
Molecular Cloning Techniques Vol.152, S. L. Berger and A.  
25 R. Kimmel Eds., Academic Press Inc., San Diego, USA  
(1987)).

15 **Two-hybrid assays.**

30 Library screening by the yeast two-hybrid  
method was performed herein as described (Durfee et al.,  
1993; Sato et al., 1995; Matsuzawa et al. 1998) using the  
35 pGilda plasmid encoding the desired amino acid region as  
bait, an appropriate cDNA library, and the EGY48 strain  
S.cerevisiae (MAT<sub>a</sub>, trp1, ura3, his, leu2::plexApo6-  
40 leu2). Cells were grown in either YPD medium with 1%  
yeast extract, 2% polypeptone, and 2% glucose, or in  
Burkholder's minimal medium (BMM) fortified with  
45 appropriate amino-acids as described previously (Sato et  
al., 1994). Transformations were performed by a LiCl  
method using 0.25 µg of pJG4-5-cDNA library DNA, and 5 µg  
45 of denatured salmon sperm carrier DNA. Clones that  
formed on Leu deficient BMM plates containing 2%  
50 galactose/ 1% raffinose were transferred to BMM plates  
containing leucine and 2% glucose, and filter assays were

5

58

performed for  $\beta$ -galactosidase measurements as previously described.

10

**1. Yeast two-hybrid screen of BAG-1 binding proteins to obtain cDNA encoding Siah-1 $\alpha$ .**

15

The mouse BAG-1 amino acid sequence was cloned into the pGilda plasmid and used as bait to screen a human Jurkat T-cell cDNA library. From an initial screen of  $\sim 1.6 \times 10^7$  transformants, 298 clones were identified that trans-activated the LEU2 reporter gene based on ability to grow on leucine-deficient media. Of those, 30 colonies were also positive for  $\beta$ -galactosidase. These 30 candidate transformants were then cured of the LexA/BAG-1 bait plasmid by growth in media containing histidine and then mated with each of 5 different indicator strains of cells containing one of following LexA bait proteins: BAG-1 (1-219), Bax (1-171), v-Ras, Fas (191-335), or Lamin-C. The mating strain was RFY206 (MAT $\alpha$ , his3D200, leu2-3, lys2D201, ura3-52, trp1D::hisG), which had been transformed with pGilda-BAG-1 or various control proteins and selected on histidine-deficient media. This resulted in 23 clones which displayed specific two-hybrid binding interactions with BAG-1. DNA sequencing analysis revealed 4 cDNAs encoding portions of Siah-1.

35

**2. Isolation of full-length human Siah-1 $\alpha$  cDNAs.**

45

To obtain the complete sequence of human Siah-1, cDNA fragments containing the 5' end of human Siah 1 were PCR-amplified from Jurkat randomly primer cDNAs by using a forward primer 5' GGAAATTCTGGACTTATGGCATGTAAACA-3' (SEQ ID NO:42) containing an EcoRI site and a reverse primer 5'

55

59

5 TAGCCAAGTTGCGAATGGA-3' (SEQ ID NO:43), based on sequences  
of EST database clones (NCBI ID: AA054272, AA258606,  
10 AA923663, AA418482, and AI167464). The PCR products were  
digested with EcoRI and BamHI, then directly subcloned  
15 into the EcoRI and SalI sites of pCI plasmid into which  
the cDNA derived from pJG4-5-Siah (22-298) had previously  
been cloned, as a BamHI - XbaI fragment. The complete  
16 human Siah-1 $\alpha$  cDNA and amino acid sequence is set forth  
10 in SEQ ID Nos:1 and 2, respectively. The human Siah-1 $\alpha$   
sequence contains 16 N-terminal amino acids that are not  
present in the human Siah-1 $\beta$  protein.

20

25 **3. Yeast two-hybrid screen of Siah-1 binding proteins to  
obtain cDNA encoding SIP-L and SIP-S.**

25

Human Siah-1 $\alpha$  cDNA encoding amino acids 22-298  
15 of SEQ ID NO:1 (corresponding to amino acids 6-282 set  
forth in Nemani et al., *supra*) was cloned into the pGilda  
30 plasmid and used as a bait to screen a human embryonic  
brain cDNA library (Invitrogen) in EGY48 strain  
*S.cerevisiae*. From an initial screen of ~2.0 X 10<sup>7</sup>  
20 transformants, 322 clones were identified that trans-  
35 activated the LEU2 reporter gene based on ability to grow  
on leucine-deficient media. Of those, 32 colonies were  
also positive for  $\beta$ -galactosidase. These 32 candidate  
40 transformants were then cured of the LexA/Siah-1 bait  
25 plasmid by growth in media containing histidine and then  
mated with each of 5 different indicator strains of cells  
containing one of following LexA bait proteins: Siah-  
1(22-298), Bax (1-171), v-Ras, Fas (191-335), or BAG-1.  
45 The mating strain was RFY206 which had been transformed  
30 with pGilda-Siah-1 or various control proteins and  
selected on histidine-deficient media. This resulted in  
50 11 clones which displayed specific two-hybrid  
interactions with Siah-1. DNA sequencing analysis

5

60

10

revealed 5 cDNAs encoding portions of SIP-L, 1 cDNA encoding portions of SIP-S, 3 cDNAs encoding portions of APC(2681-2643), and 2 cDNAs encoding portions of Siah-1. The SIP-L and SIP-S clones were sequenced and the resulting nucleotide sequences are set forth in SEQ ID Nos:3 and 5, respectively.

15

**4. Yeast two-hybrid screen of Skp1 binding proteins to obtain cDNA encoding SAF-1 and SAD.**

20

Human Skp1 cDNA encoding amino acids 91-163 of (Zhang et al., 1995, *Cell*, 82:915-925) was cloned into the pGilda plasmid as a bait to screen a human embryonic brain cDNA library (Invitrogen) in EGY48 strain *S.cerevisiae*. From an initial screen of ~1.2 X 10<sup>6</sup> transformants, 130 clones were identified that activated the LEU2 reporter gene based on ability to grow on leucine-deficient media. Of those, 36 colonies were also positive for β-galactosidase. These 36 candidate transformants were then cured of the LexA/BAG-1 bait plasmid by growth in media containing histidine and then mated with each of 5 different indicator strains of cells containing one of following LexA bait proteins: Skp1 (91-163), SIP-L, Bax (1-171), v-Ras, Fas (191-335), or Siah-1. The mating strain was RPY206 which had been transformed with pGilda-Skp1 or various control proteins and selected on histidine-deficient media. This resulted in 3 clones which displayed specific two-hybrid interactions with Skp1 and 18 clones which displayed specific two-hybrid interactions with both Skp1 and SIP-L. DNA sequencing analysis revealed 12 cDNAs encoding portions of SAF-1 and 9 cDNAs encoding portions of SAD. The SAF-1 and SAD clones were sequenced and the resulting nucleotide sequences are set forth in SEQ ID Nos:7 (SAF-1α), 9 (SAF-1β), and 13 (SAD).

5

61

**5. Isolation of full-length SAF-2 cDNAs.**

Full-length cDNA encoding a human SAF-2 protein was PCR-amplified from ZAPII Jurkat cDNA library (Stratagene) by using a forward primer 5'-  
10 GTGAATTCTATGCAACTTGTACCTGATATAGAGTTC-3' (SEQ ID NO:44)  
15 containing an EcoRI site and a reverse primer 5'-  
GGACTCGAGGCTCTACAGAGGCC-3' (SEQ ID NO:45), based on human  
DNA sequence from clone 341E18 on chromosome 6p11.2-12.3  
20 (AL031178). The PCR products were digested with EcoRI  
and XbaI, then directly subcloned into the EcoRI and XbaI  
sites of the plasmid pCDNA3. The corresponding plasmid  
was sequenced and the results are set forth in SEQ ID  
Nos: 11 and 12.

25

**6. Yeast two-hybrid screen of SIP-L binding proteins.**

15 The human SIP-L cDNA encoding full-length SIP-L was cloned into the pGilda plasmid as a bait to screen a  
30 human embryonic brain cDNA library (Invitrogen) in EGY48  
strain *S.cerevisiae*. From an initial screen of ~1.5 X 10<sup>7</sup>  
35 transformants, 410 clones were identified that trans-  
activated the LEU2 reporter gene based on ability to grow  
40 on leucine-deficient media. Of those, 68 colonies were  
also positive for  $\beta$ -galactosidase. These 32 candidate  
45 transformants were then cured of the LexA/SIP-L bait  
plasmid by growth in media containing histidine and then  
mated with each of 32 different indicator strains of  
50 cells containing one of following LexA bait proteins:  
SIP-L, Bax (1-171), v-Ras, Fas (191-335), or BAG-1. The  
mating strain was RFY206 which had been transformed with  
pGilda-SIP-L or various control proteins and selected on  
histidine-deficient media. This resulted in 16 clones  
which displayed specific two-hybrid interactions with  
SIP-L. DNA sequencing analysis revealed 3 cDNAs encoding

5

62

10

portions of Skp1, 1 cDNA encoding portions of Siah-1, and 11 cDNAs encoding portions of SIP-L. These results indicate that SIP-L binds to Skp1 and Siah-1 proteins, and is able to homodimerize with SIP isoforms.

15

5 7. A cell proliferation functional assay of SIP/Siah  
interaction

20

The effects of invention SIP-L and SIP-S proteins on Siah-1-induced cell cycle arrest in 293T epithelial cancer cells was examined and the results are shown in Figure 4. Human embryonic kidney 293 cells were maintained in high-glucose DMEM medium containing 10% fetal calf serum, 1 mM L-glutamine, and antibiotics. Cells ( $\sim 5 \times 10^5$ ) in 60 mm plates were transfected with a total of 3.0  $\mu$ g of plasmid DNAs encoding Siah-1 alone or together with SIP or SIP-S by a calcium phosphate precipitation technique. After 24 hours, the cells were harvested and the number of viable and dead cells were counted using trypan blue dye exclusion assays. Efficiency of transient transfection was estimated by *in situ*  $\beta$ -galactosidase assay using a portion of the transfected cells. The transient transfection efficiency of the T293 cells was consistently 90%.

30

40

45

50

As revealed in Figure 4, over-expression of Siah-1 resulted in decreased numbers of viable cells after 24 hours, without an increase in cell death. Thus, Siah-1 suppresses proliferation of 293 cells. Co-transfection of SIP-L with Siah-1 did not substantially alter Siah-1-mediated growth suppression. In contrast, the SIP-S protein abrogated the growth suppressive effects of Siah-1, which indicates that the invention SIP-S protein affects Siah-1 intracellularly in a different manner than SIP-L.

55

63

5

**8. In vitro SIP:Siah-1 protein interaction assays.**

10

Complementary cDNA encoding SIP-L was cloned into pGEX-4T-1 and expressed in XL-1-blue cells (Stratagene, Inc.), and affinity-purified using glutathione-Sepharose as is well-known in the art. Purified GST-fusion proteins (0.5-1.0 µg immobilized on 10-20 µl of glutathione beads) and 2.5 µl of rat reticulocyte lysates (TNT-Lysates; Promega, Inc.) containing 35S-labeled in vitro translated (IVT) Siah-1 proteins were incubated in 0.1 ml of HKMEN (10 mM HEPES (pH7.2), 142 mM KCl, 5 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>, 2 mM EGTA, 0.1% NP-40) at 4°C for 30 minutes. The beads were washed 3X with 1 ml HKMEN solution, followed by boiling in 25 µl of Laemmli-SDS sample buffer. The eluted proteins were analyzed by SDS-PAGE (12%) and detected by fluorography. Use of equivalent amounts of intact GST-fusion proteins and successful IVT of each protein was confirmed by SDS-PAGE analysis using Coomassie staining or autoradiography, respectively.

15

20

25

30

20 The results are shown in Figure 5A and indicate that Siah-1 binds to SIP-L and homodimerizes in vitro.

35

**9. Co-immunoprecipitation Assay of SIP:Siah-1.**

40

45

50

25 Two x 10<sup>6</sup> 293T cells in 100 mm plates were transiently transfected with 10 µg of pCDNA3-myc-SIP-L and 16 µg of pCDNA3-HA-Siah-1 (amino acids 97-296 of SEQ ID NO:2). Twenty-four hours later, cells were disrupted by sonication in 1 ml of HKMEN solution containing 0.2% NP-40, 0.1 µM PMSF, 5 µg/ml leupeptin, 1 µg/ml aprotinin, and 1 µg/ml pepstatin. After preclearing with normal mouse IgG and 10 ml protein A-agarose, immunoprecipitations were performed using 10 µl of anti-

55

5

64

10

myc antibody-conjugated sepharose (Santa Cruz) to precipitate the myc-SIP-L fusion, or an anti-IgG as a control at 4°C for 4 hours. After extensive washing in HKMEN solution, immune-complexes were analyzed by SDS-PAGE/immunoblotting using anti-HA antibody 12CA5 (Boehringer Mannheim), followed by HRPase-conjugated goat anti mouse immunoglobulin (Amersham, Inc.), and detected using an enhanced chemiluminescence (ECL) system (Amersham, Inc.).

15

20

10 The results are shown in Figure 5B and indicate that SIP proteins bind to Siah-1 intracellularly.

25

**10. Yeast two-hybrid assay of Siah-1:APC binding specificity.**

30

15 One  $\mu$ g of plasmids encoding fusion proteins of the LexA DNA-binding domain fused to Siah-1, APC(2681-284), BAG-1, Bax, Ras, Fas, FLICE were co-transformed into yeast strain EGY48 with 1  $\mu$ g of pJG4-5 plasmid encoding fusion proteins of the B42 trans-activation domain fused 20 to APC(2681-284) and Siah-1. Transformed cells were grown on semi-solid media lacking leucine or containing 35 leucine as a control which resulted in equivalent amounts of growth for all transformants. Plasmid combinations that resulted in growth on leucine-deficient media within 40 25 4 days were scored as positive (+).  $\beta$ -galactosidase activity of each colony was tested by filter assay and scored as blue (+) versus white (-) after 60 minutes.

45

30 The results are shown in Table 1, and indicate that APC interacts specifically by direct binding with Siah-1, and not with BAG-1, Bax, Ras, Fas nor FLICE.

50

Table 1: Specific Interaction of Siah with SIP

55

5

65

Lex A	B42	Leu <sup>+</sup>	β-Gal <sup>+</sup>
Siah-1	APC (2681- 2843)	+	+
APC (2681- 2843)	Siah-1	+	+
BAG-1	APC (2681- 2843)	-	-
Bax	APC (2681- 2843)	-	-
Ras	APC (2681- 2843)	-	-
Fas	APC (2681- 2843)	-	-
FLICE	APC (2681- 2843)	-	-
empty	APC (2681- 2843)	-	-

30

11. Yeast two-hybrid assay of Siah-1:SIP binding specificity.

35

15 One  $\mu$ g of plasmids encoding fusion proteins of the LexA DNA-binding domain fused to Siah-1, Siah-2, BAG-1, Bax, Ras, Fas, FLICE, and SIP-L were co-transformed into yeast strain EGY48 with 1  $\mu$ g of pJG4-5 plasmid encoding fusion proteins of the B42 trans-activation domain fused to SIP-L, SIP-S, Siah-1, Siah-2, BAG-1, Bax, and Ras. Transformed cells were grown on semi-solid media lacking leucine or containing leucine as a control which resulted in equivalent amounts of growth for all transformants. Plasmid combinations that resulted in growth on leucine-deficient media within 4 days were scored as positive (+).  $\beta$ -galactosidase activity of each

55



WO 00/77207

PCT/US00/15873

5

66

colony was tested by filter assay and scored as blue (+) versus white (-) after 60 minutes.

10

The results are shown in Table 2, and indicate that SIP proteins interact specifically by direct binding 5 with Siah proteins. SIP-L was found to interact with Siah-1 and Siah-2, and not with BAG-1, Bax, Ras, Fas nor FLICE. SIP-S was also found to interact with Siah-1. Table G also reveals that the SIP-L homodimerization domain is within amino acids 73-228 of SIP-L (SMQ ID 15 20 25 NO:4)

20

25

30

35

40

45

50

55

## Specific Interaction of Siah with SIP

Table 2

	Lex A	B42	Leu <sup>+</sup>	β-Gal <sup>+</sup>
	Siah-1	SIP-L	+	+
5	Siah-1	SIP-S	+	+
	Siah-2	SIP-L	+	+
10	BAG-1	SIP-L	-	-
	Bax	SIP-L	-	-
	Ras	SIP-L	-	-
15	FLICE	SIP-L	-	-
	empty	SIP-L	-	-
	SIP-L	Siah-1	-	+
20	SIP-L	Siah-2	+	+
	SIP-L	BAG-1	-	-
25	SIP-L	Bax	-	-
	SIP-L	Ras	-	-
30	SIP-L	SIP-L	+	+
	SIP-L	SIP-S	-	-

## 12. Mapping of Siah-APC interaction domains.

20 Expression plasmids encoding fusion proteins of Siah-1 $\alpha$  fragments corresponding to: SEQ ID NO:2 amino acids 22-298; 22-251; 22-193; 97-298; and 46-102, fused to the B-42 trans-activation domain were co-transformed into yeast EGY48 cells with a plasmid encoding a chimeric fusion protein of the Lex A DNA-binding domain fused to amino acids 2681-2843 of APC "APC(2681-2843)." Transformed cells were grown on semi-solid media lacking leucine or containing leucine as a control. Plasmid combinations that resulted in growth on leucine-deficient media within 4 days were scored as positive (+). β-

50 30

5

68

galactosidase activity for each colony was tested by filter assay and scored as blue (+) versus white (-) ( $\beta$ -gal) based on a 1 hour of color development.

10

The results are shown in Figure 3 and indicate  
5 that a region within the 47 carboxy terminal amino acids  
of Siah-1 $\alpha$  (SEQ ID NO:2) is required for binding to APC.

15

13. Mapping of SKP-1, SIP-1, SAF-1, and SAD interaction domains.

20

Expression plasmids encoding fusion proteins of  
10 SAF-1 $\alpha$  and functional fragments thereof corresponding to  
SEQ ID NO:8 amino acids 68-443; 80-443; and 258-443, were  
fused to the B-42 trans-activation domain. Likewise,  
25 expression plasmids encoding fusion proteins of SAD and  
functional fragments thereof corresponding to SEQ ID  
15 NO:14 amino acids 128-447; and 360-447, were fused to the  
B-42 trans-activation domain. These SAF-1-fragment- and  
30 SAD-fragment-B-42 fusion proteins were co-transformed  
into yeast EGY48 cells with a plasmid encoding a chimeric  
fusion protein of the Lex A DNA-binding domain fused to  
35 either SKP1, SIP-1, SAF-1, or SAD. Transformed cells  
20 were grown on semi-solid media lacking leucine or  
containing leucine as a control. Plasmid combinations  
that resulted in growth on leucine-deficient media within  
40 4 days were scored as positive (-).  $\beta$ -galactosidase  
25 activity for each colony was tested by filter assay and  
45 scored as blue (+) versus white (-) ( $\beta$ -gal) based on a 1  
hour of color development.

46

The results are shown in Figure 6A and 6B.  
50 Figure 6A indicates that SAF-1 interacts by direct  
30 binding to Skp1, SIP-1 and SAD, but does not interact  
with Siah-1. A region within the SAF-1 fragment

55

5 69

corresponding to amino acids 80-257 of SEQ ID NO:3 is required for SIP-L interaction, whereas a region within amino acids 258-443 of SAF-1 is required for Skp1 and SAD interaction.

5 Figure 6B indicates that SAD interacts by direct binding to Skp1, SIP-L and SAF-1, but does not interact with Siah-1. A region within the SAD fragment corresponding to amino acids 1-127 of SEQ ID NO:14 is required for SAF-1 interaction; a region within amino 10 acids 128-359 of SAD is required for Skp1 interaction; and a region within amino acids 360-447 of SEQ ID NO:14 is required for SIP-L interaction.

25 **14. Effect of Siah-1 over-expression on stability of  $\beta$ -catenin.**

30 15 293T cells were transiently transfected with a plasmid encoding myc-tagged  $\beta$ -catenin and either pcDNA3, pcDNA3-Siah-1, or pcDNA3-Siah-1(97-298; amino acids 97-298 of SEQ ID NO:2). Whole cell lysates were prepared, normalized for total protein content (25  $\mu$ g per lane) and 35 20 analyzed by SDS-PAGE/immunoblotting using an anti-Myc tag antibody.

40 45 25 Figure 7 indicates that expression of full-length Siah-1 abolishes, by degradation, the presence of  $\beta$ -catenin within cells, whereas expression of amino acids 97-298 of Siah-1 (SEQ ID NO:2) does not result in  $\beta$ -catenin degradation. Thus, a region within amino acids 1-96 of SEQ ID NO:2 (Siah-1 $\alpha$ ), which contains the N-terminal "Ring" domain, is required for protein degradation.

50

55

5

70

15. Demonstration of SIP-mediated degradation of a target protein, TRAF6.

10

An invention SIP-based method for targeted degradation of proteins was applied to the degradation

5 TRAF proteins. The schematic in Figure 9 shows the strategy employed for targeted degradation of specific TRAF-family proteins. A chimeric protein is expressed from the plasmid pCDNA3 in which SIP-L (SEQ ID NO:3) is fused with bacterial thioredoxin containing various TRAF-  
10 binding peptides displayed on the surface of thioredoxin, as described by Brent and colleagues (Cclias, et al. Nature, 380: 548, 1996; Cohen, et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci., 95: 14272, 1998; Geyer, et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci., 96: 8562, 1999; Fabbrizio, et al. Oncogene, 18: 15 4357, 1999). The TRAF-binding peptide binds to a member of the TRAF-family, and targets the TRAF-protein for ubiquitination and subsequent proteosome-dependent degradation because the SIP-region of the chimeric protein recruits ubiquitin-conjugating enzymes (E2s) to 20 the protein complex.

15

20

25

30

35

Isolation of target-protein binding domain peptides that selectively bind TRAF2 and TRAF6.

40

A peptide aptamer library was screened by the yeast two-hybrid method to identify peptides that bind to 45 either TRAF2 or TRAF6 using the methods described in Leo, et al. J Biol Chem, 274:22414, 1999. TRAFs are a family of signal transducing proteins involved in cytokine receptor signaling inside cells. The sequences of the resulting TRAF-binding peptides are set forth in (Tables 3 and 4).

50

55

5

71

TABLE 3

<u>Selected Traf 2 Aptamer Clones</u>			
	<u>Clones</u>	<u>(SEQ ID NO:)</u>	<u>SLxCixILR motif</u>
	219	(15)	SESPGALRSG <u>SLRGISL</u> RIC
5	230	(16)	VCRGRTRSG <u>SLRGISL</u> RICK
	221	(17)	LLRLG <u>GIRIL</u> MLRRGVVFRL
	208	(18)	VLF <u>LSLRFWGLNIVVMGRLL</u>
15	215	(19)	CRS <u>LGIVV</u> GGEAAAGAPTFI
			<u>LS motif</u>
10	208	(20)	VLF <u>LSLRFWGLNIVVMGRLL</u>
	213	(21)	WLRRG <u>LGVVFPLLSRVMVGI</u>
20	218	(22)	SLG <u>LSVCIGRRAGGGFRGFG</u>
	237	(23)	RF <u>ALSIGVCVVVRVGICLGM</u>
			<u>LV motif</u>
15	209	(24)	SAV <u>LVVYVSAALRGRGFGI</u>
	227	(25)	HGGGR <u>GAIVSVMYLCGFI</u> RL
25			<u>Non-Consensus motif</u>
	231	(26)	RGRV <u>IGMWVGLRCRMFLV</u>

TABLE 4

<u>Selected Traf 6 Aptamer Clones</u>			
	<u>Clones</u>	<u>(SEQ ID NO:)</u>	<u>WR motif</u>
	625	(27)	VDWAV <u>YSVVWR</u> YTTT*
35	631	(28)	KTSVIL <u>W</u> RLS <u>LF</u> FLYRSL*
	606	(29)	ANRC <u>W</u> RE*
35	628	(30)	EGTL <u>SKRM</u> WRTHN*
	640	(31)	<u>SW</u> RD <u>MT</u> QSGM*
	604	(32)	DVP <u>W</u> Q <u>RAC</u> Q*
	607	(33)	LERVAR <u>W</u> V*
	602	(34)	VADVLV <u>F</u> WG <u>YVF</u> *
40			<u>DVxVF motif</u>
	602	(34)	VAD <u>VLV</u> WG <u>YVF</u> *
	613	(35)	CD <u>VG</u> V <u>PE</u> *
			<u>Non-Consensus motif</u>
45	603	(36)	PE <u>MM</u> LE <u>GPKYCLxLx</u> E*
35	609	(37)	L <u>LY</u> GAL <u>A</u> *
	612	(38)	GAIK <u>FAHESCE</u> *
	616	(39)	PMAM <u>D</u> *
	632	(40)	CEE <u>EM</u> *
50	639	(41)	ISVVHGIGSDSD*
40	* Termination codon		

5

72

SIP-fusion Chimeric protein construction:

An invention SIP-fusion chimeric construct is generated by combining the open reading frame (ORF) of SIP<sub>i</sub>, followed immediately by restriction enzyme sites allowing for subcloning of desired target-protein-binding domains (e.g. peptides or protein domains). These SIP-fusions are then transfected into mammalian cells to eliminate by protein degradation specific target proteins which bind the subcloned peptides/protein domains by recruiting them into the ubiquitin conjugating complex.

The parent SIP-vector (SIPpcDNA3.1) cassette was engineered as follows:

25

Oligonucleotides corresponding to the 5' and 3' end of SIP<sub>i</sub> were used in PCR to amplify the entire ORF of SIP<sub>i</sub> (SEQ ID NO:3). The forward primer contains a *Hind III* restriction site linker (5'-  
GATCAAGCTTATGGCTTCAGAAGAGCTACAG; (SEQ ID NO:46) restriction site is underlined) followed immediately by the SIP<sub>i</sub> (SEQ ID NO:3) start codon; the reverse primer contains an *EcoRI* restriction site and mutations in the stop codon allowing for translational readthrough (5'-  
GATCGAATTCTccAAATTCCGTGTCTCTTTGGCTTG; (SEQ ID NO:47) mutated stop codon is in lowercase). The generated PCR product was then agarose gel-purified and digested with *Hind III* and *EcoRI* restriction enzymes (New England Biolabs; Beverly, MA). The product was again gel-purified before ligating into *Hind III/EcoRI* digested pcDNA3.1 expression vector (Invitrogen; Carlsbad, CA) with T4-DNA ligase (New England Biolabs). This construct was termed SIPpcDNA3.1.

50

55

73

5

For the construction of SIP-thioredoxin ("Trx) peptide-aptamer fusions, clones from a peptide-aptamer library screened against Traf6 (see Table 4) were amplified by PCR with the following primers:

10

5 Forward: 5'-CCTCTGAATTCCATATGAGCCATAAAATTATTCACC (SEQ ID NO:48) *EcoRI* underlined; Reverse: 5'-  
CATCCTGAGTAGATGCCAGCTAGGCCAGGTTA (SEQ ID NO:49) *Xho I* underlined.

15

The resulting PCR products (~350-370bp) contain 20 the ORF of thioredoxin (Trx) with the selected peptide aptamers inserted into its active-loop. The products were then digested with *EcoRI* and *Xho I* before ligating 25 into the *EcoRI/Xhol*-digested SIPpcDNA3.1 cassette using T4-DNA ligase. Final clone constructs were numbered and 30 were confirmed by sequencing before using in transfection studies.

30

Transfection:

35

HEK293T cells were transiently transfected by a 40 lipofectamine method with various amounts (1 vs 4  $\mu$ g) of 45 pcDNA3 plasmids encoding either SIP-TR fusion protein lacking a TRAF6-binding peptide ("SIP") or SIP-TR fusion protein displaying one of the peptides shown in Table 4 above (set forth in Figure 10 as S603, S604, S606). In some cases, the proteasome inhibitor MG132 (10  $\mu$ M) was added to cultures to prevent protein turnover. SIP\* in Figure 10 corresponds to the control expression product of parental construct SIP pcDNA3.1

45

To determine the efficacy of the SIP:TRAF-binding peptide chimeric proteins, levels of TRAF6 50 protein were then measured two days later by immunoblotting using a anti-TRAF6-specific antiserum

55

5

74

10

(Santa Cruz Biotech, Inc.) in experiments where HEK293T cell lysates were normalized for total protein content (25  $\mu$ g per lane). The cell lysates were analyzed by SDS-PAGE/immunoblotting using an enhanced chemiluminescence detection method, as described previously (Leo, et al. *J Biol Chem*, **274**: 22414, 1999). The results shown in the left panel of Figure 10 show that SIP-TR fusion proteins displaying TRAF6-binding peptides (S603, S604, and S613) induce a reduction in TRAF6 protein levels, with the S603 peptide representing the most potent of these.

20

25

To determine the specificity of the SIP:TRAF-binding peptide chimeric proteins, the same immunoblots were reprobed with an antiserum against SIP to demonstrate equivalent levels of production of SIP-TR fusion proteins, or with antibodies specific for TRAF2 to reveal selective degradation of TRAF6 but not TRAF2. The results shown in the right panel of Figure 10 show that addition of a proteasome inhibitor, MG132, prevents the reductions in TRAF6. Note also that TRAF2 protein is not degraded, demonstrating the specificity of the targeting approach.

35

40

While the invention has been described in detail with reference to certain preferred embodiments thereof, it will be understood that modifications and variations are within the spirit and scope of that which is described and claimed.

45

50

55



5

75

Summary of Sequences

10 SEQ ID NO:1 is a cDNA (and the deduced amino acid sequence) encoding a Siah 1 $\alpha$  of the present invention.

15 SEQ ID NO:2 is the deduced amino acid sequence of a Siah 1 $\alpha$  protein of the present invention encoded by SEQ ID NO:1.

20 SEQ ID NO:3 is a cDNA (and the deduced amino acid sequence) encoding a human SIP-L polypeptide of the present invention.

25 SEQ ID NO:4 is the deduced amino acid sequence of a human SIP-L protein of the present invention encoded by SEQ ID NO:3.

30 SEQ ID NO:5 is a cDNA (and the deduced amino acid sequence) encoding a human SIP-S polypeptide of the present invention.

35 SEQ ID NO:6 is the deduced amino acid sequence of a human SIP-S protein of the present invention encoded by SEQ ID NO:5.

40 SEQ ID NO:7 is a cDNA (and the deduced amino acid sequence) encoding a human SAF-1 $\alpha$  polypeptide of the present invention.

45 SEQ ID NO:8 is the deduced amino acid sequence of a SAF-1 $\alpha$  protein of the present invention encoded by SEQ ID NO:7.

50

55



5

76

SEQ ID NO:9 is a cDNA (and the deduced amino acid sequence) encoding a human SAF-13 polypeptide of the present invention.

10

SEQ ID NO:10 is the deduced amino acid sequence of a 5 SAF-13 protein encoded by SEQ ID NO:9.

15

SEQ ID NO:11 is a cDNA (and the deduced amino acid sequence) encoding a human SAF-2 polypeptide of the present invention.

20

SEQ ID NO:12 is the deduced amino acid sequence of a 10 SAF-2 protein encoded by SEQ ID NO:11.

25

SEQ ID NO:13 is a cDNA (and the deduced amino acid sequence) encoding a human SAD polypeptide of the present invention.

30

SEQ ID NO:14 is the deduced amino acid sequence of a 15 SAD protein encoded by SEQ ID NO:13.

35

40

45

50

55

**Claims**

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

40

45

50

55

5

77

That which is claimed is:

10 1. Isolated nucleic acid encoding a Siah-Mediated-Degradation-Protein (SMDP) and/or SFC-Complex-Protein (SCP), or a functional fragment thereof.

15

2. Isolated nucleic acid encoding Siah-Mediated-Degradation-Protein (SMDP) and/or SFC-Complex-Protein (SCP), or functional fragments thereof, selected from:

20

(a) DNA encoding the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID Nos:2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 or 14, or

10 (b) DNA that hybridizes to the DNA of (a) under moderately stringent conditions, wherein said DNA encodes biologically active SMDP and/or SCP, or

25

(c) DNA degenerate with respect to either (a)

15 or (b) above, wherein said DNA encodes biologically active SMDP and/or SCP.

30

3. A nucleic acid according to claim 2, wherein said nucleic acid hybridizes under high stringency conditions to the SMDP and/or SCP coding portion of any of SEQ ID NOS:1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11 and 13.

35

20 4. A nucleic acid according to claim 2, wherein the nucleotide sequence of said nucleic acid is substantially the same as set forth in any of SEQ ID NO:1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11 and 13.

40

25 5. A nucleic acid according to claim 2, wherein the nucleotide sequence of said nucleic acid is the same as that set forth in any of SEQ ID NOS:1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11 and 13.

50

6. A nucleic acid according to claim 2, wherein said nucleic acid is cDNA.

55

78

5

7. A vector containing the nucleic acid of claim 2.

10

8. Recombinant cells containing the nucleic acid of claim 2.

15

9. An oligonucleotide comprising at least 15 nucleotides capable of specifically hybridizing with a nucleotide sequence set forth in any of SEQ ID NOS:1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11 and 13.

20

10. An oligonucleotide according to claim 9, wherein said oligonucleotide is labeled with a detectable marker.

25

11. An antisense-nucleic acid capable of specifically binding to mRNA encoded by said nucleic acid according to claim 2.

30

12. A kit for detecting the presence of the SMDP and/or SCP cDNA sequence comprising at least one oligonucleotide according to claim 10.

35

13. An isolated Siah-Mediated-Degradation-Protein (SMDP) and/or SFC-Complex-Protein (SCP) characterized by 20 having ability to bind to at least one SMDP and/or SCP.

40

14. A SMDP and/or SCP according to claim 13, wherein the amino acid sequence of said protein comprises substantially the same sequence as any of SEQ ID Nos:2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 or 14.

50

15. A SMDP and/or SCP according to claim 14 comprising the same amino acid sequence as set forth in any of SEQ ID Nos:2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 or 14.

55

5

79

10 16. A SMDP and/or SCP according to claim 13,  
wherein said protein is encoded by a nucleotide sequence  
comprising substantially the same nucleotide sequence as  
set forth in SEQ ID Nos:1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11 or 13.

10

15 17. A SMDP and/or SCP according to claim 16,  
wherein said protein is encoded by a nucleotide sequence  
comprising the same sequence as set forth in SEQ ID  
Nos:1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11 or 13.

15

20

18. A method for expression of a SMDP and/or SCP  
protein, said method comprising culturing cells of claim  
8 under conditions suitable for expression of said SMDP  
and/or SCP.

25

19. An isolated anti-SMDP and/or SCP antibody  
having specific reactivity with a SMDP and/or SCP  
according to claim 13.

30

20. Antibody according to claim 19, wherein said  
antibody is a monoclonal antibody.

35

21. An antibody according to claim 20, wherein said  
antibody is a polyclonal antibody.

40

22. A composition comprising an amount of the  
antisense-nucleic acid according to claim 11 effective to  
inhibit expression of a human SMDP and/or SCP and an  
acceptable hydrophobic carrier capable of passing through  
a cell membrane.

45

25 23. A transgenic nonhuman mammal expressing  
exogenous nucleic acid encoding a SMDP and/or SCP.

50

24. A transgenic nonhuman mammal according to claim

55

5

23, wherein said nucleic acid encoding said SMDP and/or SCP has been mutated, and wherein the SMDP and/or SCP so expressed is not native SMDP and/or SCP.

10

25. A transgenic nonhuman mammal according to claim 5, wherein the transgenic nonhuman mammal is a mouse.

15

26. A method for identifying nucleic acids encoding a mammalian SMDP and/or SCP, said method comprising:

contacting a sample containing nucleic acids with an oligonucleotide according to claim 8, wherein said 20 contacting is effected under high stringency hybridization conditions, and identifying compounds which hybridize thereto.

25

27. A method for detecting the presence of a human SMDP and/or SCP in a sample, said method comprising 15 contacting a test sample with an antibody according to claim 19, detecting the presence of an antibody-SMDP and/or SCP complex, and therefor detecting the presence 30 of a human SMDP and/or SCP in said test sample.

35

28. Single strand DNA primers for amplification of 20 SMDP and/or SCP nucleic acid, wherein said primers comprise a nucleic acid sequence derived from the nucleic acid sequences set forth as SEQ ID NOS:1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11 40 and 13.

45

29. A method for modulating the activity of an oncogenic protein, comprising contacting said oncogenic 25 proteins with a substantially pure SMDP and/or SCP, or a oncogenic protein-binding fragment thereof.

50

30. A bioassay for evaluating whether test compounds are capable of acting as agonists or

55

5

81

antagonists for SMDP and/or SCP proteins, or functional fragments thereof, wherein said bioassay comprises:

10

(a) culturing cells containing:

15

DNA which expresses an SMDP and/or SCP or functional fragments thereof, wherein said culturing is carried out in the presence of at least one compound whose ability to modulate an activity of an SMDP and/or SCP is sought to be determined, wherein said

20

activity is selected from a protein:protein binding activity or a protein degradation activity and thereafter

25

(b) monitoring said cells for either an increase or decrease in the level of protein:protein binding or protein degradation.

30

31. A method for modulating an activity mediated by a SMDP and/or SCP protein, said method comprising: contacting said SMDP and/or SCP protein with an effective, modulating amount of said agonist or antagonist identified by claim 30.

35

32. The method of claim 31, wherein said modulated activity is the binding of Siah-1 to APC.

40

33. A method for modulating the protein degradation activity mediated by an SMDP and/or SCP protein, said method comprising:

45

contacting said SMDP and/or SCP protein with an effective, modulating amount of said agonist or antagonist identified by claim 30.

50

34. A therapeutic composition comprising a compound selected from an SMDP and/or SCP, or functional fragment

55

5

82

thereof, a SMDP and/or SCP modulating compound identified according to claim 30, or an anti-SMDP and/or SCP antibody; and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

10

35. A method of treating a pathology characterized by abnormal cell proliferation or abnormal inflammation, said method comprising administering an effective amount of the composition according to claim 34.

20

36. A method of inducing the degradation of the function of a target protein, said method comprising: expressing, in a cell, a chimeric protein comprising a target-protein binding domain operatively linked to a protein-degradation binding domain of a protein member of the ubiquitin-mediated protein-degradation family.

30

37. A method of determining the function of a target protein, said method comprising: expressing, in a first cell, a chimeric protein comprising a target-protein binding domain operatively linked to a protein-degradation binding domain of a protein member of the ubiquitin-mediated protein-degradation family; and comparing the phenotype of said first cell to the phenotype of a control second cell.

40

38. A method of identifying a nucleic acid molecule encoding a protein that modulates a cellular phenotype, said method comprising:  
(a) expressing, in a cell, a chimeric nucleic acid comprising a member of a nucleic acid library fused to nucleic acid encoding a protein degradation binding domain of a protein member of the ubiquitin-mediated protein degradation family; and

55

5

83

(b) screening said cells for a modulation of said phenotype.

10

38. The method of claim 38, wherein the phenotype is selected from the group consisting of: cell proliferation, cell survival, cell death, cell secretion, and cell migration.

15

40. A chimeric nucleic acid identified according to claim 38.

20

41. A nucleic acid library comprising a plurality of chimeric nucleic acids, wherein each chimeric nucleic acid comprises an SMDP and/or SCP or functional fragment thereof.

25

42. The method of claim 38 wherein said nucleic acid encoding a protein degradation binding domain is selected from the group consisting of Sia-1α, SIP-L, SIP-S, SAF-1, SAF-2, and SAD, or functional fragments thereof.

35

43. A method for treating a disease by degrading the function of a target protein comprising:

20 introducing, into a cell, a chimeric protein comprising a target-protein binding domain operatively linked to a protein-degradation binding domain of a protein member of the ubiquitin-mediated protein-degradation family.

45

25 44. A chimeric protein comprising the SMDP and/or SCP of claim 13.

50

55

SIP-L	MASEELQKDLEEVKVLLEKATRKVRDALTAEKSKIETEIKNNKMQQKGOK	50
SIP-S	MASEELQKDLEEVKVLLEKATRKVRDALTAEKSKIETEIKNNKMQQKGOK	50
SIP-L	KAELLDNEKPAAVVAPITMGY	100
SIP-S	KAELLDNEKPAAVVAPITMGY	80
SIP-L	TENVOQHFTTERGFDLLVKHLNGKSYSMIVNNILKP1SVEGSSKVKETDTV	150
SIP-S	-----	-----
SIP-L	LILCRKXVENTRWDYLTQVERECKEKEKPSYDTETDPSEGL4NVLKKIYE	200
SIP-S	-----	-----
SIP-L	DGDDDHERTINKANVESREKQAKGDTEF	228
SIP-S	-----	-----

FIGURE 1

P	P	
LYEDSGYSSFSL	SAD	
SYLDSGIHSGAT	$\beta$ -catenin	
DRHDSGLDSMKD	$\text{IkB}\alpha$	
<hr/>		
DSG $\phi$ XS	consensus	

FIGURE 2



WO 06/77207

PCT/US00/15873

3/10

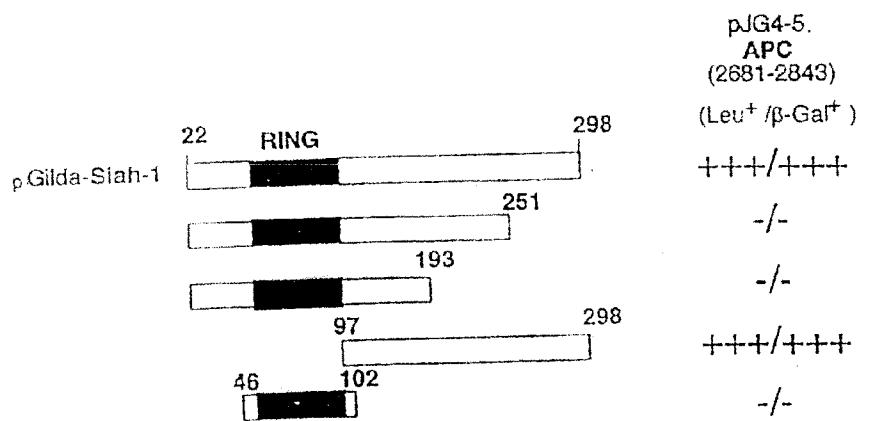


FIGURE 3

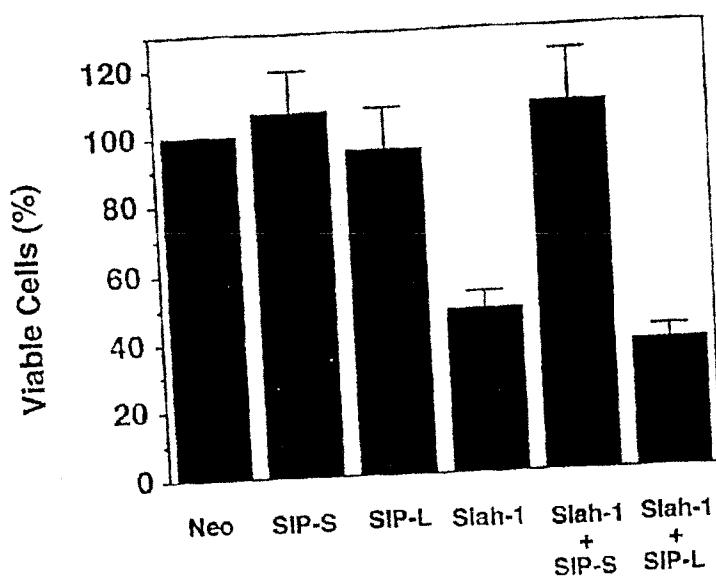


FIGURE 4

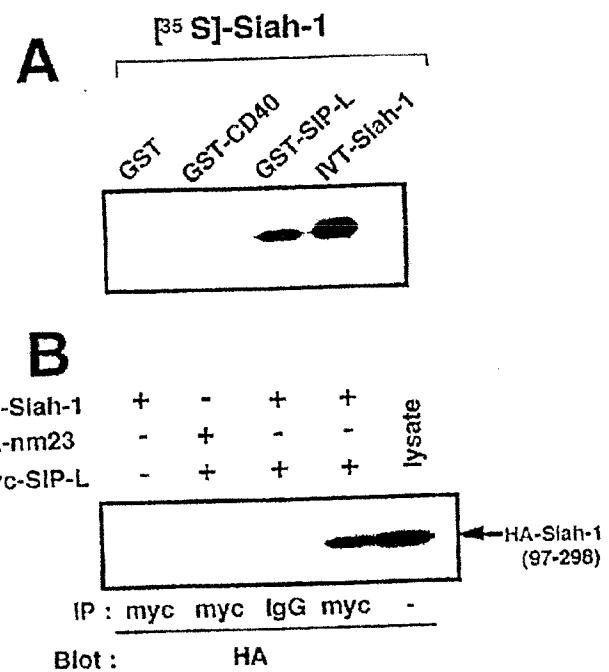


FIGURE 5

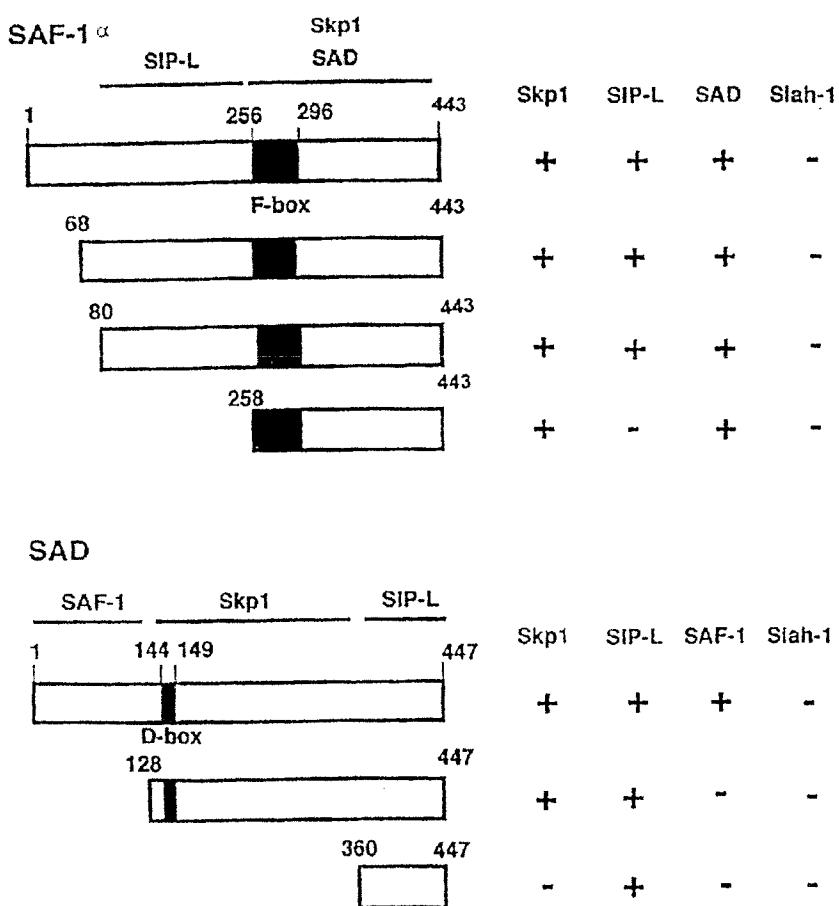


FIGURE 6



WO 00/77207

PCT/US00/15873

7710

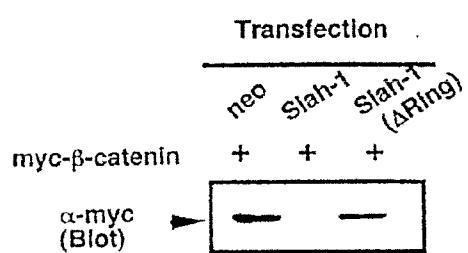


FIGURE 7

SIP: A novel E3 Complex Protein

---

WO 00/77207

PCT/US00/15873

8/10

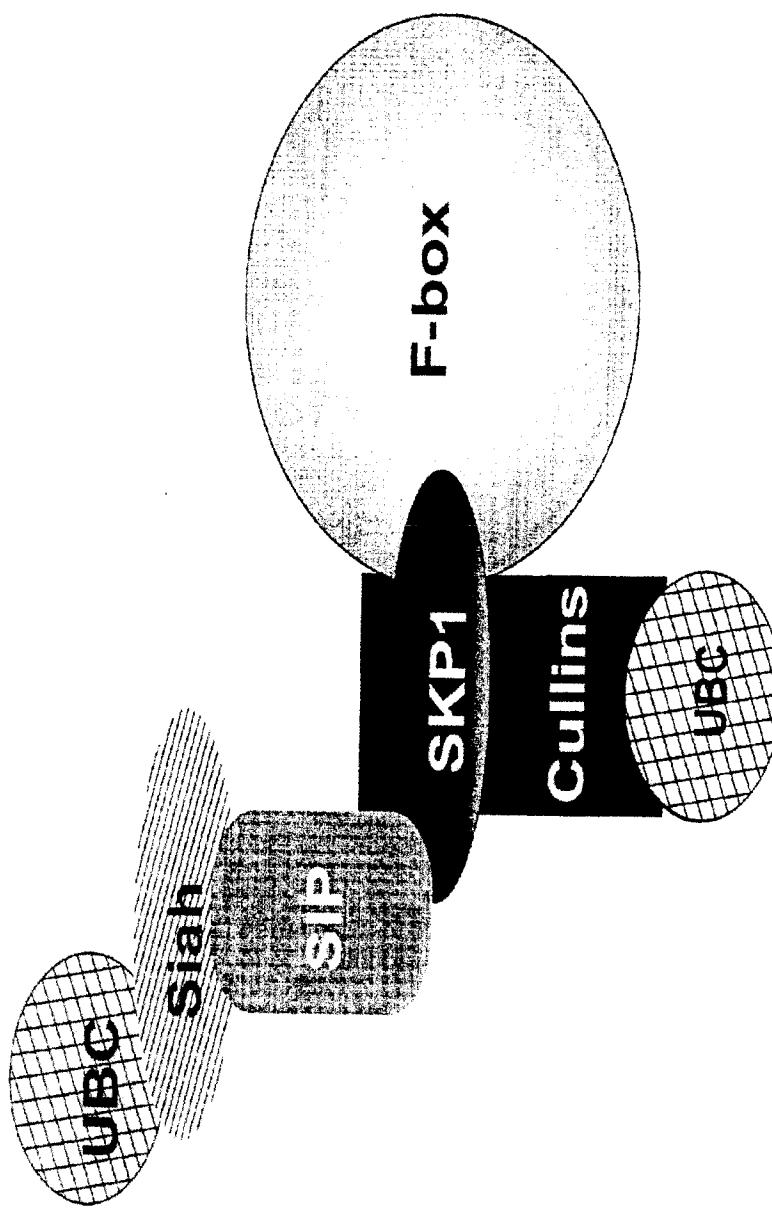


FIGURE 8

**Scheme for Targeted Degradation of Endogenous TRAF Proteins Using  
SIP and TRAF-Binding Peptides**

---

***Yeast two-hybrid peptide aptamer libraries***

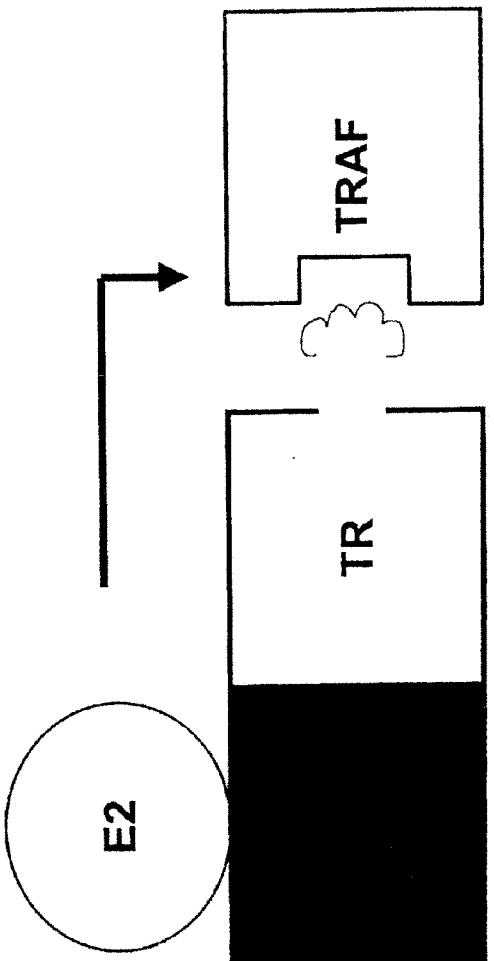
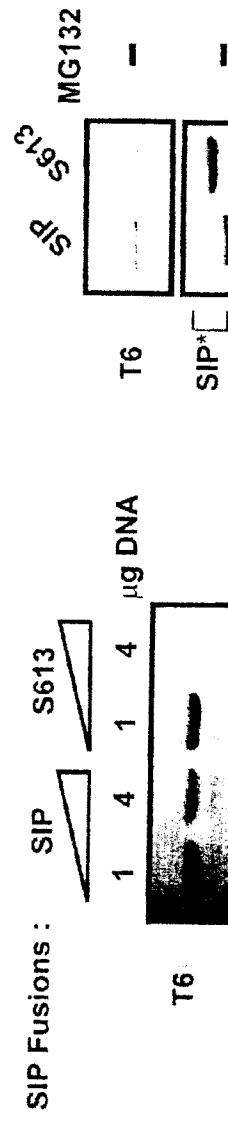


FIGURE 9

**SIP Fused to TRAF-Binding Peptides induces Targeted Degradation of TRAF6**

**Yeast two-hybrid peptide aptamer libraries**

**Efficacy**



**Specificity**

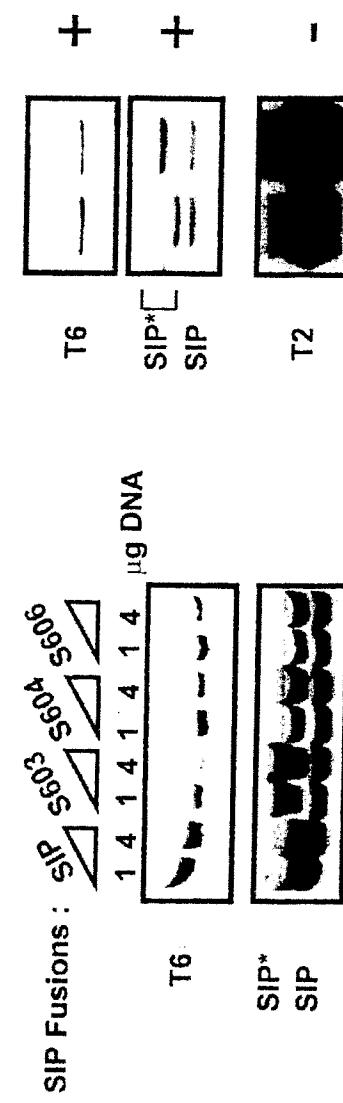


FIGURE 10

SEQUENCE LISTING

<110> The Burnham Institute

<120> Nucleic Acid Encoding Proteins Involved  
in Protein Degradation, Products and Methods Related Thereto

<13C> FP-LJ 4319

<150> US 09/330,517

<151> 1999-06-11

<160> 49

<170> FastSEQ for Windows Version 4.0

<218> 1

<211> 1274

<212> DNA

<213> *Homo sapien*

<220>

<221> CDS

<222> (274) . . . (1167)

<400> 1

tttttttttgt tggttttatgggt ccatttttctta ttttagcatt tattttttcta tgtagtcatt	60
ccaaagacgt ttaaaggaggt tecacatgtt ttccggaaaca ttttgttggaaagg agagtttttc	120
cagtgtacatc atccatataaa agtgcacatt cagtgttaat ttatttttttt aataatccctt	180
ttataatctat tttttttctt cttttgtctca gtaaatttttgc tatgttttttttcc taaaaggact	240
tttttttttgtt aaaaatccat tataaaaggaaa gtc atg gtt ata att att ttt ctc	294
Met Val Ile Ile Ile Phe Leu	
1 5	

```

ctg cct cct tat gta tct att tca gaa atg agc cgt cag act gct aca 342
Leu Pro Pro Tyr Val Phe Ile Ser Glu Met Ser Arg Gln Thr Ala Thr
          10          15          20

```

```

gca tta cct acc ggt acc tcc aag tgg cca cca tcc cag agg gtg cct 390
Ala Ile Pro Thr Gly Thr Ser Lys Cys Pro Pro Ser Gln Arg Val Pro
      25          30          35

```

```

ggc ctg act ggc aca act gca tcc aac aat gac ttg gcg agt ctt ttt 438
Aaa Leu Thr Gly Thr Ala Ser Asn Asn Asp Leu Ala Ser Leu Phe
 40          45          50          55

```

```

gag tgt cca gtc tgc ttt gac tat gtg tta cag ccc att ctc cca tgt 486
Glu Cys Pro Val Cys Phe Asp Tyr Val Leu Pro Pro Ile Leu Gin Cys
          60          65          70

```

cag agt ggc cac ctt gtt tgt aqc aac tgn cgc cca aag ctc aca tgt	534	
Gln Ser Gly His Leu Val Cys Ser Asn Cys Arg Pro Lys Leu Thr Cys		
75	80	85

tgt cca act tgc egg ggc cct tgg gga tcc att cgc aac ttg	atg	582	
Cys Pro Thr Cys Arg Gly Pro Leu Gly Ser Ile Arg Asn Leu Ala Met			
91	95	100	
gag aaa gtc gct aat tca gta ctt ttc ccc tgg aac tat ccc	tct tct	630	
Glu Lys Val Ala Asn Ser Val Leu Phe Pro Cys Lys Tyr Ala Ser Ser			
105	110	115	
gga tgg gaa ata act ctg cca cac aca gaa aac gca gac cat gaa gag		678	
Gly Cys Glu Ile Thr Leu Pro His Thr Glu Lys Ala Asp His Glu Glu			
120	125	130	135
ctc tgg tgg ttt agg cct tat tcc tgg ccc tct ggt	get tcc tgg	726	
Leu Cys Glu Phe Arg Pro Tyr Ser Cys Pro Cys Pro Gly Ala Ser Cys			
140	145	150	
aaa tgg cca ggc tct ctg gat gct gca atg ccc cat ctg atg cat cag		774	
Lys Trp Gln Gly Ser Leu Asp Ala Val Met Pro His Leu Met His Gln			
155	160	165	
cat aag tcc att aca acc cta cag gga gag gat ata gtt ttt ctt gct		822	
His Lys Ser Ile Thr Thr Leu Gln Gly Glu Asp Ile Val Phe Leu Ala			
170	175	180	
aca gac att aat ctt cct ggt	get gtt gac tgg gtc atg atg cag tcc	870	
Thr Asp Ile Asn Leu Pro Gly Ala Val Asp Trp Val Met Met Gln Ser			
195	190	195	
tgt ttt ggc ttt cac ttc atg tta gtc tta gag aaa cag gaa aac tac		918	
Cys Phe Gly Phe His Phe Met Leu Val Leu Gln Lys Gln Glu Lys Tyr			
200	205	210	215
gat ggt cac cag cag ttc ttc gca atc gta cag ctg ata gga aca cgc		966	
Asp Gly His Gln Gln Phe Ala Ile Val Gln Leu Ile Gly Thr Arg			
220	225	230	
aag cca gct gaa aat ttt	gtt gtc cta aat ggt cat agg	1014	
Lys Gln Ala Glu Asn Phe Ala Tyr Arg Leu Glu Leu Asn Gly His Arg			
235	240	245	
cga cga ttc act tgg gaa gng act cct cga tct att cat gaa gga att		1062	
Arg Arg Leu Thr Trp Glu Ala Thr Pro Arg Ser Ile His Glu Gly Ile			
250	255	260	
gca aca gcc att atg aat acc gac tgg cta gtc ttt gac acc aca att		1110	
Ala Thr Ala Ile Met Asn Ser Asp Cys Leu Val Phe Asp Thr Ser Ile			
265	270	275	
gca cag ctt ttt gca gaa aat ggc aat tta ggc atc aat gta act att		1158	
Ala Gln Leu Phe Ala Glu Asn Gly Asn Leu Gly Ile Asn Val Thr Ile			
280	285	290	295
tcc atg tgg tggatggca atcaaccatt ttatggccag tggtaaaac		1207	
Ser Met Cys			

ttcaqttca caaaaaatca ggcacccatc tgcctgccaa cctaaaaactc tttcggtagg 1267  
tggaaagc 1274

<210> 2  
<211> 298  
<212> PRT  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 2  
Met Val Ile Ile Ile Phe Leu Leu Pro Pro Tyr Val Phe Ile Ser Glu  
1 5 10 15  
Met Ser Arg Gln Thr Ala Thr Ala Leu Pro Thr Gly Thr Ser Lys Cys  
20 25 30  
Pro Pro Ser Gln Arg Val Pro Ala Leu Thr Gly Thr Thr Ala Ser Asn  
35 40 45  
Asn Asp Leu Ala Ser Leu Phe Gln Cys Pro Val Cys Phe Asp Tyr Val  
50 55 60  
Leu Pro Pro Ile Leu Gln Cys Gln Ser Gly His Leu Val Cys Ser Asn  
65 70 75 80  
Cys Arg Pro Lys Leu Thr Cys Cys Pro Thr Cys Arg Gly Pro Leu Gly  
85 90 95  
Ser Ile Arg Asn Leu Ala Met Glu Lys Val Ala Asn Ser Val Leu Phe  
100 105 110  
Pro Cys Lys Tyr Ala Ser Ser Gly Cys Glu Ile Thr Leu Pro His Thr  
115 120 125  
Glu Lys Ala Asp His Glu Glu Leu Cys Glu Phe Arg Pro Tyr Ser Cys  
130 135 140  
Pro Cys Pro Gly Ala Ser Cys Lys Trp Gln Gly Ser Leu Asp Ala Val  
145 150 155 160  
Met Pro His Leu Met His Gln His Lys Ser Ile Thr Thr Leu Gln Gly  
165 170 175  
Glu Asp Ile Val Phe Leu Ala Thr Asp Ile Asn Leu Pro Gly Ala Val  
180 185 190  
Asp Trp Val Met Met Gln Ser Cys Phe Gly Phe His Phe Met Leu Val  
195 200 205  
Leu Glu Lys Gln Gln Lys Tyr Asp Gly His Gln Gln Phe Phe Ala Ile  
210 215 220  
Val Gln Leu Ile Gly Thr Arg Lys Gln Ala Glu Asn Phe Ala Tyr Arg  
225 230 235 240  
Leu Glu Leu Asn Gly His Arg Arg Arg Leu Thr Trp Glu Ala Thr Pro  
245 250 255  
Arg Ser Ile His Gln Gly Ile Ala Thr Ala Ile Met Asn Ser Asp Cys  
260 265 270  
Leu Val Phe Asp Thr Ser Ile Ala Gln Leu Phe Ala Glu Asn Gly Asn  
275 280 285  
Leu Gly Ile Asn Val Thr Ile Ser Met Cys  
290 295

<210> 3  
<211> 1432  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> CDS  
 <222> (26)...(709)

<400> 3

ggaccccgcc ctgaccggc cccc atg gct tca gaa gag cta cag aaa gat  
 Met Ala Ser Glu Glu Leu Gln Lys Asp  
 1 5

cta gaa gag gta aag gtg ttg ctg gaa aag gct act egg aaa aga gta  
 Leu Glu Glu Val Lys Val Leu Ieu Glu Lys Ala Thr Arg Lys Arg Val  
 10 15 20 25

cgt gat gcc ctt aca gct gaa aaa tcc aag att gag aca gaa atc aag  
 Arg Asp Ala Leu Thr Ala Glu Lys Ser Lys Ile Glu Thr Glu Ile Lys  
 30 35 40

aac aag atg caa cag aca tca cag aag aaa gca gaa ctt ctt gat aat  
 Asn Lys Met Gln Gln Lys Ser Gln Lys Lys Ala Glu Leu Leu Asp Asn  
 45 50 55

gaa aaa cca gct gct gtg gtt gct ccc att aca aag ggc tat acg gtg  
 Glu Lys Pro Ala Ala Val Val Ala Pro Ile Thr Thr Gly Tyr Thr Val  
 60 65 70

aaa atc agt aat tat gga tgg gat cag tca gat aag ttt gtg aaa atc  
 Lys Ile Ser Asn Tyr Gly Trp Asp Gln Ser Asp Lys Phe Val Lys Ile  
 75 80 85

tac att acc tta act gga gtt cat caa gtt ccc act gag aat gtg cag  
 Tyr Ile Thr Leu Thr Gly Val His Gln Val Pro Thr Glu Asn Val Gln  
 90 95 100 105

gtg cat ttc aca gag aag tca ttt gat ctt ctg gta aag aat cta aat  
 Val His Phe Thr Glu Arg Ser Phe Asp Leu Leu Val Lys Asn Leu Asn  
 110 115 120

ggg aag agt tac tcc atg att gtg aac aat ctc tgg aaa ccc atc tct  
 Gly Lys Ser Tyr Ser Met Ile Val Asn Asn Ieu Leu Lys Pro Ile Ser  
 125 130 135

gtc gaa ggc act tca aaa aaa gtc aag act gat aca gtt ctt ata ttg  
 Val Glu Gly Ser Ser Lys Lys Val Lys Thr Asp Thr Val Ieu Ile Leu  
 140 145 150

tgt aga aag aaa gtc gaa aac aca agg tgg gat tac ctg acc cag gtt  
 Cys Arg Ivs Lys Val Glu Asn Thr Arg Trp Asp Tyr Leu Thr Gln Val  
 155 160 165

gaa aag gag tgc aac gaa aaa gag aag ccc tcc tat gac act gaa aca  
 Glu Lys Glu Cys Lys Glu Lys Glu Lys Pro Ser Tyr Asp Thr Glu Thr  
 170 175 180 185

gat cct agt gag gga ttg atg aat gtt cta aag aaa att tat gaa gat  
 Asp Pro Ser Glu Gly Leu Met Asn Val Leu Lys Lys Ile Tyr Glu Asp  
 190 195 200 205



WO 00/77207

PCT/US00/15873

gga gag gat gat atc aag cga acc att aat aaa gca tgg gtc gaa tca 675  
 Gly Asp Asp Asp Met Lys Arg Thr Ile Asn Lys Ala Trp Val Glu Ser  
 190 205 210 215  
 aga gag aag caa gca aaa gga gac acg gac ttt tgagacttta aagtcgtttt 728  
 Arg Glu Lys Gln Ala Lys Gly Asp Thr Glu Phe  
 220 225  
 gggaaactgtg agtgatgtg gaaatactg a tggatccagt aaggaaatat tggtagctg 788  
 catatataaa ttgacatgt agctatattac atagcccttt aqtaaaaggc aatcaattct 648  
 ccatatccata ctggaggatt tatttaataa aataatgtttt attaaacactt ctgcggaaaga 908  
 tggttttattt agtacccttg tcatatgtt caagggatgg ttatatttca ttctcactgt 968  
 aataatataaa agcaatgtt gccaataaa aacgctacat tggatgtt ttttgcgtt 1028  
 ctaagaatgg gaaatgtt tggatgtt ttaatgttact gacatcaatg tccaccatgt 1088  
 taaaaatgtt gtaaaacccgtt aqgttttca taaaatgcaaa atcgggttca gttgttgaag 1148  
 gttgtgttag agcatctcgc cccattttatcc cacccttaaagc aatgtatgtt ccatgttca 1208  
 ccatgttca atccatcacc aggtttttt atccatgtt aataatattt gtcatgtt 1268  
 gttgtatgg aatccatcacc atgacaatata tagacatata ttttgtatgtt accagtttgt 1328  
 ttttgttgcgttccatgtt aataaccctt aaccaaaaaa taatttggaa 1388  
 gccccgttataatccatgtt aataaaaatgtt aatccatgtt 1432  
 catt  
 <213> 4  
 <211> 228  
 <212> PRT  
 <213> Homo sapien  
 <400> 4  
 Met Ala Ser Glu Glu Leu Gln Lys Asp Leu Glu Glu Val Lys Val Leu  
 1 5 10 15  
 Leu Glu Lys Ala Thr Arg Lys Arg Val Arg Asp Ala Leu Thr Ala Glu  
 20 25 30  
 Lys Ser Lys Ile Glu Thr Glu Ile Lys Asn Lys Met Gln Gln Lys Ser  
 35 40 45  
 Gln Lys Lys Ala Glu Leu Leu Asp Asn Glu Lys Pro Ala Ala Val Val  
 50 55 60  
 Ala Pro Ile Thr Thr Gly Tyr Thr Val Lys Ile Ser Asn Tyr Gly Trp  
 65 70 75 80  
 Asp Gln Ser Asp Lys Phe Val Lys Ile Tyr Ile Thr Leu Thr Gly Val  
 85 90 95  
 His Gln Val Pro Thr Glu Asn Val Gln Val His Phe Thr Glu Arg Ser  
 100 105 110  
 Phe Asp Leu Leu Val Lys Asn Leu Asn Gly Lys Ser Tyr Ser Met Ile  
 115 120 125  
 Val Asn Asn Leu Leu Lys Pro Ile Ser Val Glu Gly Ser Ser Lys Lys  
 130 135 140  
 Val Lys Thr Asp Thr Val Leu Ile Leu Cys Arg Lys Lys Val Glu Asn  
 145 150 155 160  
 Thr Arg Trp Asp Tyr Leu Thr Gln Val Glu Lys Glu Cys Lys Glu Lys  
 165 170 175  
 Glu Lys Pro Ser Tyr Asp Thr Glu Thr Asp Pro Ser Glu Gly Leu Met  
 180 185 190  
 Asn Val Leu Lys Lys Ile Tyr Glu Asp Gly Asp Asp Asp Net Lys Arg  
 195 200 205



atagaaaaatc taaaacatgac aataatagac atatctttgt atggtaaccag ttatgtttgc 1814  
 cgttgcattca atcgtttata aatgttaataa ccataaaagca aaaaataattt tgaaagcccg 1874  
 tctatccctta tggttcaataa agttaatgtt ttcttcattt 1413

<210> 6  
 <211> 80  
 <212> PRT  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 6  
 Met Ala Ser Glu Glu Leu Gln Lys Asp Leu Glu Glu Val Lys Val Leu  
 1 5 10 15  
 Leu Glu Lys Ala Thr Arg Lys Arg Val Arg Asp Ala Leu Thr Ala Glu  
 20 25 30  
 Lys Ser Lys Ile Glu Thr Glu Ile Lys Asn Lys Met Gln Gln Lys Ser  
 35 40 45  
 Gln Lys Lys Ala Glu Leu Leu Asp Asn Glu Lys Pro Ala Ala Val Val  
 50 55 60  
 Ala Pro Ile Thr Thr Gly Tyr Thr Asp Gly Ile Ser Gln Ile Ser Leu  
 65 70 75 80

<210> 7  
 <211> 1673  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> CDS  
 <222> (G1)....(1389)

<400> 7  
 ccggagggtg caggcgcggc gaaacgcgggg tggtcggctg gggccggct cctggagaaac 60  
 atg gcc cgg cct ccc ggg ggc tct ggt ccc ctc ctc gat tca gag cat 108  
 Met Ala Arg Pro Pro Gly Gly Ser Gly Pro Leu Leu Asp Ser Glu His  
 1 5 10 15  
 tct tca ctc cag aat aat gag caa ccc tct ttg gcc acc agc tcc aat 156  
 Ser Ser Leu Gln Asn Asn Gln Pro Ser Leu Ala Thr Ser Ser Asn  
 20 25 30  
 cag act agc atq cag gat gaa caa cca act gat tca ttc caa gga cag 204  
 Gln Thr Ser Met Gln Asp Glu Gln Pro Ser Asp Ser Phe Gln Gly Gln  
 35 40 45  
 gca gcc cag tct ggt gtt tgg aat gac gac agt atg tta ggg cct agt 252  
 Ala Ala Gln Ser Gly Val Trp Asn Asp Asp Ser Met Leu Gly Pro Ser  
 50 55 60  
 caa aat ttt gaa gct gag tca att caa gat aat gcg cat atg gca gag 300  
 Gln Asn Phe Glu Ala Glu Ser Ile Gln Asp Asn Ala His Met Ala Glu  
 65 70 75 80  
 ggc aca ggt ttc tat ccc tca gaa ccc atg ctc tgc agt gaa tgg gtg 348  
 Gly Thr Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Glu Pro Met Leu Cys Ser Glu Ser Val  
 85 90 95



WO 0077207

PCT/US00/15873

gaa ggg cca gtc cca cat tca tta gag acc ttg tat cca tca gct gac Cys Glu Cln Val Pro His Ser Leu Glu Thr Leu Tyr Glu Ser Ala Asp 100 105 110	395
tgt tct gat gcc aat gat gcc ttg ata gtc ttg ata cat ctt ctc atg Cys Ser Asp Ala Asn Asp Ala Leu Ile Val Leu Ile His Leu Leu Met 115 120 125	444
ttg gag tca ggt tac ata cct cag ggc acc gaa gcc aaa gca ctg tcc Leu Glu Ser Gly Tyr Ile Pro Gln Gly Thr Glu Ala Lys Ala Leu Ser 130 135 140	492
atg ccg gag aag tgg aag ttg agc ggg gtc tat aag ctg cag tac atg Met Pro Glu Lys Trp Lys Leu Ser Gly Val Tyr Lys Leu Gln Tyr Met 145 150 155 160	540
cat cct ctc tgc gag ggc agc tcc gct act ctc acc tgc ttg cct ttg His Pro Leu Cys Glu Gly Ser Ser Ala Thr Leu Thr Cys Val Pro Leu 165 170 175	588
gga aac ctg att gtt gta aat gct aca cta aaa atc aac aat gag att Gly Asn Leu Ile Val Val Asn Ala Thr Leu Lys Ile Asn Asn Glu Ile 180 185 190	636
aga agt gtc aaa aga ttg caq ctc cta cca aaa tct ttt att tgc aaa Arg Ser Val Lys Arg Leu Gln Leu Leu Pro Lys Ser Phe Ile Cys Lys 195 200 205	684
gag aaa cta ggg gaa aat gta gcc aac cta tac aaa gat ctt cag aaa Glu Lys Leu Gly Glu Asn Val Ala Asn Ile Tyr Lys Asp Leu Gln Lys 210 215 220	732
ctc tct cgc ctc ttt aaa gac cag ctg gtc tat cct ctt ctg gct ttt Leu Ser Arg Leu Phe Lys Asp Gln Leu Val Tyr Pro Leu Leu Ala Phe 225 230 235 240	780
acc cga caa gca ctg aac cta cca gat gta ttt ggg ttg gtc gtc ctc Thr Arg Gln Ala Leu Asn Leu Pro Asp Val Phe Gly Leu Val Val Leu 245 250 255	828
cca ttg gac ctg aaa cta cgg atc ttc cga ctt ctg gat gtt cgt tcc Pro Leu Gln Leu Lys Leu Arg Ile Phe Arg Leu Leu Asp Val Arg Ser 260 265 270	876
gtc ttg tct ttg tct gcg gtt tgc tgc gac ctc ttt act gct tca aat Val Leu Ser Leu Ser Ala Val Cys Arg Asp Leu Phe Thr Ala Ser Asn 275 280 285	924
gac cca ctc ctg tgg agg ttt tta tat ctg cgt gat ttt cga gac aat Asp Pro Leu Leu Trp Arg Phe Leu Tyr Leu Arg Asp Phe Arg Asp Asn 290 295 300	972
acc gtc aga gtt caa gac aca gat tgg aaa gaa ctg tac agg aag agg Thr Val Arg Val Gln Asp Thr Asp Trp Lys Glu Leu Tyr Arg Lys Arg	1020

305	310	315	320	
cac ata caa aga aaa gaa tcc ccg aac ggg cgg ttt gtg atg ctc ctc				1068
His Ile Gln Arg Lys Glu Ser Pro Lys Gly Arg Phe Val Met Leu Leu				
325	330	335		
cca tcc tca act cac aac att cca ttc tat ccc aac ccc ttg cac ccc				1116
Pro Ser Ser Thr His Thr Ile Pro Phe Tyr Pro Asn Pro Leu His Pro				
340	345	350		
agg cca ttt cct aac tcc cgc ctt cct cca cga att atc ggg ggt gaa				1164
Arg Pro Phe Pro Ser Ser Arg Leu Pro Pro Gly Ile Ile Gly Gly Glu				
355	360	365		
tat gac caa gca cca aca ctt cod tat gtt cga gac cca atc agt tca				1212
Tyr Asp Gln Arg Pro Thr Leu Pro Tyr Val Gly Asp Pro Ile Ser Ser				
370	375	380		
ccg att cct ggt cct ggg gag acg ccc agc cag ttt cct cca ctc aga				1260
Leu Ile Pro Gly Pro Gly Thr Pro Ser Gln Phe Pro Pro Leu Arg				
385	390	395	400	
cca cgc ttt gat cca gtt ggc cca ctt cca cga cct aac ccc atc ttg				1308
Pro Arg Phe Asp Pro Val Gly Pro Leu Pro Gly Pro Asn Pro Ile Leu				
405	410	415		
cca ggg cga ggc ccc aat gac aga ttt ccc ttt aga ccc agc agg				1356
Pro Gly Arg Gly Pro Asn Asp Arg Phe Pro Phe Arg Pro Ser Arg				
420	425	430		
ggg cgg cca act gat ggc cgg ctg tca ttc atg tgatttatttatttcat				1409
Gly Arg Pro Thr Asp Gly Arg Leu Ser Phe Met				
435	440			
ttctggagct ccattttgttt ttgtttctaa actacagatg tcaactccctt ggggtgtctga				1469
ttctcgagtgt tattttctga ttgtgtgtttt gagagtttgc cttccagaaaa ctttttaaga				1529
gtatacattttta tagccctttagg ggtgttatgtt cccaaagggtt cttctgtgttcc aatgtttggcc				1589
tttggaaatgtt ttggctgttca atttcccttc ttttttttttcc ttctttagattt gatgtttttttt				1649
ttttgtatgtt gtttttttacca gatt				1673
<210> 8				
<211> 443				
<212> PRT				
<213> Homo sapien				
<400> 8				
Met Ala Arg Pro Pro Gly Gly Ser Gly Pro Leu Leu Asp Ser Glu His				
1	5	10	15	
Ser Ser Leu Gln Asn Asn Glu Gln Pro Ser Leu Ala Thr Ser Ser Asn				
20	25	30		
Gln Thr Ser Met Gln Asp Gln Gln Pro Ser Asp Ser Phe Gln Gly Gln				
35	40	45		
Ala Ala Gln Ser Gly Val Trp Asn Asp Asp Ser Met Leu Gly Pro Ser				
50	55	60		
Gln Asn Phe Gln Ala Glu Ser Ile Gln Asp Asn Ala His Met Ala Glu				

65	70	75	80
Gly Thr Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Glu Pro Met Leu Cys Ser Glu Ser Val			
25	30	35	40
Glu Gly Gln Val Pro His Ser Leu Glu Thr Leu Tyr Gln Ser Ala Asp			
100	105	110	
Cys Ser Asp Ala Asn Asp Ala Leu Ile Val Leu Ile His Leu Leu Met			
115	120	125	
Leu Glu Ser Gly Tyr Ile Pro Gln Gly Thr Glu Ala Lys Ala Leu Ser			
130	135	140	
Met Pro Gln Lys Trp Lys Leu Ser Gly Val Tyr Lys Leu Gln Tyr Met			
145	150	155	160
His Pro Leu Cys Glu Gly Ser Ser Ala Thr Leu Thr Cys Val Pro Leu			
165	170	175	
Gly Asn Leu Ile Val Val Asn Ala Thr Leu Lys Ile Asn Asn Glu Ile			
180	185	190	
Arg Ser Val Lys Arg Leu Gln Leu Leu Pro Lys Ser Phe Ile Cys Lys			
195	200	205	
Glu Lys Leu Gly Glu Asn Val Ala Asn Ile Tyr Lys Asp Leu Gln Lys			
210	215	220	
Leu Ser Arg Leu Phe Lys Asp Gln Leu Val Tyr Pro Leu Leu Ala Phe			
225	230	235	240
Thr Arg Gln Ala Leu Asn Leu Pro Asp Val Phe Gly Leu Val Val Leu			
245	250	255	
Pro Leu Gln Leu Lys Leu Arg Ile Phe Arg Leu Leu Asp Val Arg Ser			
260	265	270	
Val Leu Ser Leu Ser Ala Val Cys Arg Asp Leu Phe Thr Ala Ser Asn			
275	280	285	
Asp Pro Leu Leu Trp Arg Phe Leu Tyr Leu Arg Asp Phe Arg Asp Asn			
290	295	300	
Thr Val Arg Val Gln Asp Thr Asp Trp Lys Glu Leu Tyr Arg Lys Arg			
305	310	315	320
His Ile Gln Arg Lys Glu Ser Pro Lys Gly Arg Phe Val Met Leu Leu			
325	330	335	
Pro Ser Ser Thr His Thr Ile Pro Phe Tyr Pro Asn Pro Leu His Pro			
340	345	350	
Arg Pro Phe Pro Ser Ser Arg Leu Pro Pro Gly Ile Ile Gly Gly Glu			
355	360	365	
Tyr Asp Gln Arg Pro Thr Leu Pro Tyr Val Gly Asp Pro Ile Ser Ser			
370	375	380	
Leu Ile Pro Gly Pro Gly Glu Thr Pro Ser Gln Phe Pro Pro Leu Arg			
385	390	395	400
Pro Arg Phe Asp Pro Val Gly Pro Leu Pro Gly Pro Asn Pro Ile Leu			
405	410	415	
Pro Gly Arg Gly Gly Pro Asn Asp Arg Phe Pro Phe Arg Pro Ser Arg			
420	425	430	
Gly Arg Pro Thr Asp Gly Arg Leu Ser Phe Met			
435	440		

<210> 9  
 <211> 1897  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> CDS

<222> (43) . . . (1608)

4400 9 ggcgttccggc ggtttccggcc ctcggggcg cttggggccg tc atg agg ctg cgg Met Arg Leu Arg 1	54
gtg egg ctt ctg aag egg acc tgg ccg ctg gag gtg ccc gag aag gag Val Arg Leu Leu Lys Arg Thr Trp Pro Leu Glu Val Pro Glu Thr Glu 5 10 15 20	102
cgg aag ctg ggg cat tgg cgc tgg cac ctg agg cag tcc ctg ctg tgg Pro Thr Leu Gly His Leu Arg Ser His Leu Arg Gln Ser Leu Leu Cys 25 30 35	150
acc tgg ggc tac agt tct aar acc cga ttt aca att aca ttg aac tac Thr Trp Gly Tyr Ser Ser Asn Thr Arg Phe Thr Ile Thr Leu Asn Tyr 40 45 50	198
aag gat ccc ctc act gga qar gaa gag acc ttg gct tca tat ggg att Lys Asp Pro Leu Thr Gly Asp Glu Glu Thr Leu Ala Ser Tyr Gly Ile 55 60 65	246
gtt tct ggg gac ttg aca tgt ttg att ctt caa gat gac att cca ggg Val Ser Gly Asp Leu Ile Cys Leu Ile Leu Gln Asp Asp Ile Pro Ala 70 75 80	294
cct aat ata cct tca tcc aca gat tca gag cat tct tca ctc cag aat Pro Asn Ile Pro Ser Ser Thr Asp Ser Glu His Ser Ser Leu Gln Asn 85 90 95 100	342
aat gag caa ccc cct ttg gcc acc aca tcc aat cag act agc atg cag Asn Glu Gln Pro Ser Leu Ala Thr Ser Ser Asn Gln Thr Ser Met Gln 105 110 115	390
qat gaa caa cca agt gat tca ttc caa gga cag qca gcc cag tat ggt Asp Glu Gln Pro Ser Asp Ser Phe Gln Gly Gln Ala Ala Gln Ser Gly 120 125 130	438
gtt tgg aat gac gac agt atg tta ggg cct agt caa aat ttt gaa gct Val Trp Asn Asp Asp Ser Met Leu Gly Pro Ser Gln Asn Phe Glu Ala 135 140 145	486
ggc tca aat caa gat aat ggc cat atg gca gag cgc aca ggt ttc tat Glu Ser Ile Gln Asp Asn Ala His Met Ala Glu Gly Thr Gly Phe Tyr 150 155 160	534
ccc tca gaa ccc acc ctc tgg agt gaa tgg gtg gaa ggg caa gtg cca Pro Ser Glu Pro Met Leu Cys Ser Glu Ser Val Glu Gln Val Pro 165 170 175 180	582
cat tca tta gag aac ttg tat caa tca gct gac tgg tct gat gcc aat His Ser Leu Glu Thr Leu Tyr Gln Ser Ala Asp Cys Ser Asp Ala Asn 185 190 195	630

gat gcc ttc ata gtc ttg ata cat ctt ctc atg ttc gag tca ggt tac Asp Ala Ieu Ile Val Leu Ile His Leu Leu Met Leu Glu Ser Gly Tyr 200 205 210	678
ata cct cag ggc acc gaa gca aaa gca ctg tcc atg ccg gag aag tgg Ile Pro Gln Gly Thr Glu Ala Lys Ala Leu Ser Met Pro Glu Lys Trp 215 220 225	716
aag ttg aac ggg gtc tat aag ctg cag tac atg cat ctc tcc gag Lys Leu Ser Gly Val Tyr Lys Leu Gln Tyr Met His Pro Leu Cys Glu 230 235 240	774
ggc ayc tcc gct act ctc acc tgg gtc ctt tcc gca aac ctg att gtt Gly Ser Ser Ala Thr Leu Thr Cys Val Pro Leu Gly Asn Leu Ile Val 245 250 255 260	822
gta aat gct aca cta aaa atc aac aat gag att aga agt gtc aaa aga Val Asn Ala Thr Leu Lys Ile Asn Asn Glu Ile Arg Ser Val Lys Arg 265 270 275	870
ttg cag ctg cta cca aca tct ttt att tgc aaa gag aaa cta ggg gaa Leu Gln Leu Pro Lys Ser Phe Ile Cys Lys Glu Lys Leu Gly Glu 280 285 290	918
aat gta gtc aac ata tac aaa gat ctt cag aaa ctc tct cgc ctc ttt Asn Val Ala Asn Ile Tyr Lys Asp Leu Gln Lys Leu Ser Arg Leu Phe 295 300 305	966
aaa gac cag ctg gtc tat ctc ctg gat ttt acc cga cca gca ctg Lys Asp Gln Leu Val Tyr Pro Leu Ala Phe Thr Arg Gln Ala Leu 310 315 320	1014
aac cta cca gat gta ctt ggg ttg gtc gtc ctc cca ttg gaa ctg aaa Asn Leu Pro Asp Val Phe Gln Leu Val Val Leu Pro Leu Glu Leu Lys 325 330 335 340	1062
cta cgg atc ttc cga ctt ctg gat gtt cgt tcc gtc ttg tct ttg tct Leu Arg Ile Phe Arg Leu Leu Asp Val Arg Ser Val Leu Ser Leu Ser 345 350 355	1110
ggg gtt tgg cgt gac ctc ttt act gct tca aat gac cca ctc ctg tgg Ala Val Cys Arg Asp Leu Phe Thr Ala Ser Asn Asp Pro Leu Leu Trp 360 365 370	1158
agg ttt tta tat ctg cgt gat ttt cga gac aat act gtc aga gtt caa Arg Phe Leu Tyr Leu Arg Asp Phe Arg Asp Asn Thr Val Arg Val Gln 375 380 385	1206
gac cca gat tgg aaa gaa ctg tac agg aag agg ctc ata cca aya aya Asp Thr Asp Trp Lys Glu Leu Tyr Arg Lys Arg His Ile Gln Arg Lys 390 395 400	1254
gaa tcc cgg aaa ggg cgg ttt gtc atg ctc ccc cca tcc tca act cac Glu Ser Pro Lys Gly Arg Phe Val Met Leu Leu Pro Ser Ser Thr His 405 410 415 420	1302



Thr Ser Met Gin Asp Glu Gln Pro Ser Asp Ser Phe Gln Gly Gln Ala  
 115 120 125  
 Ala Gln Ser Gly Val Trp Asn Asp Asp Ser Met Leu Gly Pro Ser Gln  
 130 135 140  
 Asn Phe Glu Ala Glu Ser Ile Gln Asp Asn Ala His Met Ala Glu Gly  
 145 150 155 160  
 Thr Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Gln Pro Met Leu Cys Ser Gln Ser Val Glu  
 165 170 175  
 Gly Gin Val Pro His Ser Leu Glu Thr Leu Tyr Gln Ser Ala Asp Cys  
 180 185 190  
 Ser Asp Ala Asn Asp Ala Leu Ile Val Leu Ile His Leu Leu Met Leu  
 195 200 205  
 Glu Ser Gly Tyr Ile Pro Gln Gly Thr Glu Ala Lys Ala Leu Ser Met  
 210 215 220  
 Pro Glu Lys Trp Lys Leu Ser Gly Val Tyr Lys Leu Gln Tyr Met His  
 225 230 235 240  
 Pro Leu Cys Glu Gly Ser Ser Ala Thr Leu Thr Cys Val Pro Leu Gly  
 245 250 255  
 Asn Leu Ile Val Val Asn Ala Thr Leu Lys Ile Asn Asn Glu Ile Arg  
 260 265 270  
 Ser Val Lys Arg Leu Gln Leu Leu Pro Lys Ser Phe Ile Cys Lys Glu  
 275 280 285  
 Lys Leu Gly Glu Asn Val Ala Asn Ile Tyr Lys Asp Leu Gln Lys Leu  
 290 295 300  
 Ser Arg Leu Phe Lys Asp Gln Leu Val Tyr Pro Leu Leu Ala Phe Thr  
 305 310 315 320  
 Arg Gln Ala Leu Asn Leu Pro Asp Val Phe Gly Leu Val Val Leu Pro  
 325 330 335  
 Leu Glu Leu Lys Leu Arg Ile Phe Arg Leu Leu Asp Val Arg Ser Val  
 340 345 350  
 Leu Ser Leu Ser Ala Val Cys Arg Asp Leu Phe Thr Ala Ser Asn Asp  
 355 360 365  
 Pro Leu Leu Trp Arg Phe Leu Tyr Leu Arg Asp Phe Arg Asp Asn Thr  
 370 375 380  
 Val Arg Val Gln Asp Thr Asp Trp Lys Glu Leu Tyr Arg Lys Arg His  
 385 390 395 400  
 Ile Gin Arg Lys Glu Ser Pro Lys Gly Arg Phe Val Met Leu Leu Pro  
 405 410 415  
 Ser Ser Thr His Thr Ile Pro Phe Tyr Pro Asn Pro Leu His Pro Arg  
 420 425 430  
 Pro Phe Pro Ser Ser Arg Leu Pro Pro Gly Ile Ile Gly Gly Glu Tyr  
 435 440 445  
 Asp Gln Arg Pro Thr Leu Pro Tyr Val Gly Asp Pro Ile Ser Ser Leu  
 450 455 460  
 Ile Pro Gly Pro Gly Glu Thr Pro Ser Gln Phe Pro Pro Leu Arg Pro  
 465 470 475 480  
 Arg Phe Asp Pro Val Gly Pro Leu Pro Gly Pro Asn Pro Ile Leu Pro  
 485 490 495  
 Gly Arg Gly Gly Pro Asn Asp Arg Phe Pro Phe Arg Pro Ser Arg Gly  
 500 505 510  
 Arg Pro Thr Asp Gly Arg Leu Ser Phe Met  
 515 520

<21C> 11  
 <211> 1675

<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<220>  
<221> CDS  
<222> (52) . . . (1032)

<400> 11	gtaattttag ctttttagcc accaagtttt atcgttagggc t atg caa	57
	Met Gln	
	1	
5		
10		
15		
20	gtt gta ccc gat ata gag tcc aag att act acc egg tcc cca gat	105
	Leu Val Pro Asp Ile Glu Phe Lys Ile Thr Tyr Thr Arg Ser Pro Asp	
25		
30		
35	gat gat ggc gtt gga aac agc tas att gaa gat aat gat gat gac agc	153
	Gly Asp Gly Val Gly Asn Ser Tyr Ile Glu Asp Asn Asp Asp Ser	
40		
45		
50		
55	aaa atg gca gat ctc tgg tac tac ttc cgg cag caa stc uca ttt cag	201
	Lys Met Ala Asp Leu Ser Tyr Phe Gln Gln Leu Thr Phe Gln	
60		
65		
70	gag tct gtg ctt aaa ctt tcc cag ctt gag ctt gag agc agt cag att	249
	Glu Ser Val Leu Lys Leu Cys Gln Pro Glu Leu Ser Ser Gln Ile	
75		
80		
85	cac ata tcc gtg ctg cca atg gag gtc ctg atg tac atc tcc cga tgg	297
	His Ile Ser Val Leu Pro Met Glu Val Leu Met Tyr Ile Phe Arg Trp	
90		
95	gtg gtg tct agt gac ttc gac ctc aqa tca ttg gag cag tgg tcc ctg	345
	Val Val Ser Ser Asp Leu Asp Leu Arg Ser Leu Glu Gln Leu Ser Leu	
100		
105		
110		
115	gtg tcc aca gga ttc tac atc tgg gtc aca gac cct gaa ata tgg cgt	393
	Val Cys Arg Gly Phe Tyr Ile Cys Ala Arg Asp Pro Glu Ile Trp Arg	
120		
125		
130		
135	tac aca tcc tgg aca gag atg tct tta gaa cgg cct cgt gtt cgg ttt	441
	Tyr Thr Ser Trp Arg Glu Met Phe Leu Glu Arg Pro Arg Val Arg Phe	
140		
145		
150	gat ggc gtg tat atc agt aca acc aca tat att cgt caa ggg gaa cgg	489
	Asp Gly Val Val Tyr Ile Ser Lys Thr Thr Tyr Ile Arg Gln Gly Glu Gln	
155		
160		
165	tct cct gac gat ttc tat aga gca tgg cac caa gtg gaa tat tac aca	537
	Arg Ser Leu Asp Gly Phe Tyr Arg Ala Trp His Gln Val Glu Tyr Tyr Arg	
170		
175		
180		

ttc ata aga ttc ttt cct gat ggc cat gtg aag atg ttg aca acc cct	633
Tyr Ile Arg Phe Phe Pro Asp Gly His Val Met Met Leu Thr Thr Pro	
186 185 190	
gaa gag cct cag tcc att gtt cca cgt tta aga act agg aat acc agg	681
Glu Glu Pro Gln Ser Ile Val Pro Arg Leu Arg Thr Arg Asn Thr Arg	
195 200 205 210	
act gat gca att cta ctg ggt cac tat cgc ttg tca caa gac aca gac	729
Thr Asp Ala Ile Leu Leu Gly His Tyr Arg Leu Ser Gln Asp Thr Asp	
215 220 225	
aat cag acc aaa gta ttt gct gta ata act aag aaa aac gaa gaa aaa	777
Asn Gln Thr Lys Val Phe Ala Val Ile Thr Lys Lys Lys Glu Glu Lys	
230 235 240	
cca ctt gac tat aaa tac aga tat ttt cgt cgt gtc cct gta caa gaa	825
Pro Leu Asp Tyr Lys Tyr Arg Phe Arg Arg Val Pro Val Gln Glu	
245 250 255	
gca gat gag agt ttt cat gtc ggg cta cag cta tgt tcc agt ggt cac	873
Ala Asp Gln Ser Phe His Val Gly Leu Gln Leu Cys Ser Ser Gly His	
260 265 270	
cag agg tcc aac aaa ctc atc tgg ata cat cat tct tgt cac att act	921
Gln Arg Phe Asn Lys Leu Ile Trp Ile His His Ser Cys His Ile Thr	
275 280 285 290	
tac aac tca act ggt gag act gca gtc agt gct ttt gag att gac aag	969
Tyr Lys Ser Thr Gly Glu Thr Ala Val Ser Ala Phe Glu Ile Asp Lys	
295 300 305	
atg tac acc ccc ttg ttc ttc gcc aga gta agg agc tac aca gct ttc	1017
Met Tyr Thr Pro Leu Phe Phe Ala Arg Val Arg Ser Tyr Thr Ala Phe	
310 315 320	
tca gaa agy cct ctg tagagccctca agtccagtc totatcaatt ttgcatgaa	1072
Ser Glu Arg Pro Leu	
325	
taa	1075
<210> 12	
<211> 107	
<212> PRT	
<213> Homo sapien	
<400> 12	
Met Gln Leu Val Pro Asp Ile Glu Phe Lys Ile Thr Tyr Thr Arg Ser	
1 5 10 15	
Pro Asp Gly Asp Gly Val Gly Asn Ser Tyr Ile Glu Asp Asn Asp Asp	
20 25 30	
Asp Ser Lys Met Ala Asp Leu Ser Tyr Phe Gln Gln Leu Thr	
35 40 45	

Phe Gln Glu Ser Val Leu Lys Leu Cys Gln Pro Glu Leu Glu Ser Ser  
 50 55 60  
 Gln Ile His Ile Ser Val Leu Pro Met Glu Val Leu Met Tyr Ile Phe  
 65 70 75 80  
 Arg Trp Val Val Ser Ser Asp Leu Asp Leu Arg Ser Leu Glu Gln Leu  
 85 90 95  
 Ser Leu Val Cys Arg Gly Phe Tyr Ile Cys Ala Arg Asp Pro Glu Ile  
 100 105 110  
 Trp Arg Leu Ala Cys Leu Lys Val Trp Gly Arg Ser Cys Ile Lys Leu  
 115 120 125  
 Val Pro Tyr Thr Ser Trp Arg Glu Met Phe Leu Glu Arg Pro Arg Val  
 130 135 140  
 Arg Phe Asp Gly Val Tyr Ile Ser Lys Thr Thr Tyr Ile Arg Gln Gly  
 145 150 155 160  
 Gln Gln Ser Leu Asp Gly Phe Tyr Arg Ala Trp His Gln Val Glu Tyr  
 165 170 175  
 Tyr Arg Tyr Ile Arg Phe Phe Pro Asp Gly His Val Met Met Leu Thr  
 180 185 190  
 Thr Pro Glu Glu Pro Gln Ser Ile Val Pro Arg Leu Arg Thr Arg Asn  
 195 200 205  
 Thr Arg Thr Asp Ala Ile Leu Leu Gly His Tyr Arg Leu Ser Gln Asp  
 210 215 220  
 Thr Asp Asn Gln Thr Lys Val Phe Ala Val Ile Thr Lys Lys Lys Glu  
 225 230 235 240  
 Glu Lys Pro Leu Asp Tyr Lys Tyr Arg Tyr Phe Arg Arg Val Pro Val  
 245 250 255  
 Gln Gln Ala Asp Gln Ser Phe His Val Gly Leu Gln Leu Cys Ser Ser  
 260 265 270  
 Gly His Gln Arg Phe Asn Lys Leu Ile Trp Ile His His Ser Cys His  
 275 280 285  
 Ile Thr Tyr Lys Ser Thr Gly Glu Thr Ala Val Ser Ala Phe Glu Ile  
 290 295 300  
 Asp Lys Met Tyr Thr Pro Leu Phe Phe Ala Arg Val Arg Ser Tyr Thr  
 305 310 315 320  
 Ala Phe Ser Glu Arg Pro Leu  
 325

<210> 13  
 <211> 2037  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> CDS  
 <222> (70)....(1410)

<400> 13  
 aagcaggcag gtttgttcgcg tccccccggaa ggggttccatc caccctggggc agactccacq 60  
 tcggctggc atg agc cgg cgc ccc tgc agc tgc gcc cta cgg cta ccc cgc 111  
 Met Ser Arg Arg Pro Cys Ser Cys Ala Leu Arg Pro Pro Arg  
 1 5 10

tgc tcc tgc agc gca agc gca gtg aca gca gcc gcc ggg cgc cct 159  
 Cys Ser Cys Ser Ala Ser Pro Ser Ala Val Thr Ala Ala Gly Arg Pro  
 15 20 25 30

cgt ccc tcc gat agt tgc aat gaa gaa aat tcc acc ctt tct gtc aat	207
Arg Pro Ser Asp Ser Cys Lys Glu Glu Ser Ser Thr Leu Ser Val Lys	
35 40 45	
atg aag tgc ttt aat tgc aac cat gtt cat tcc gga ctt aat ctt	255
Met Lys Cys Asp Phe Asn Cys Asn His Val His Ser Gly Leu Lys Leu	
50 55 60	
gtt aat cct gat gac att gga aga cta gtt tcc tac acc ctt gca tat	303
Val Lys Pro Asp Asp Ile Gly Arg Leu Val Ser Tyr Thr Pro Ala Tyr	
55 70 75	
tgc gaa ggt tcc tgc aat gtc tcc att aat gac tat gaa aag ctg tca	361
Leu Glu Gly Ser Cys Lys Asp Cys Ile Lys Asp Tyr Glu Arg Leu Ser	
80 85 90	
tgt att gct tca ccc att gtg agc cct aag att gca aat ctt gaa act	389
Cys Ile Gly Ser Pro Ile Val Ser Pro Arg Ile Val Lys Leu Glu Thr	
95 100 105 110	
gaa aag aag cgc ttg cat aat aag gaa aat caa cat gtc caa cag aca	447
Glu Ser Lys Arg Leu His Asn Lys Glu Asn Gln His Val Gln Gln Thr	
115 120 125	
ctt aat aat aca aat gaa ata gaa gca cta gag acc aat aca ctt tat	495
Leu Asn Ser Thr Asn Glu Ile Glu Ala Leu Glu Thr Ser Arg Leu Tyr	
130 135 140	
gaa gac aat ggc tat tcc tca ttt tcc cta caa aat ggc ctc aat gaa	543
Glu Asp Ser Gly Tyr Ser Ser Phe Ser Leu Gln Ser Gly Leu Ser Glu	
145 150 155	
cat gaa gaa ggt aat tcc ctc gag gag aat tcc ggt gac aat cta caa	591
His Glu Glu Gly Thr Leu Leu Glu Glu Asn Phe Gly Asp Ser Leu Gln	
160 165 170	
tcc tcc ctc cta caa ata cca aat cca gac caa tat ccc bac aat aac	639
Ser Cys Leu Leu Gln Ile Gln Ser Pro Asp Gln Tyr Pro Asn Lys Asn	
175 180 185 190	
tgc ctg cca gtt ctt cat ttt gaa aat gtc ggt tgc tcc aca tca aat	687
Leu Leu Pro Val Leu His Phe Glu Lys Val Val Cys Ser Thr Leu Lys	
195 200 205	
aat aat gca aat cca aat ccc aat gta gat cgg gag atg ctg aat gaa	735
Lys Asn Ala Lys Arg Asn Pro Lys Val Asp Arg Glu Met Leu Lys Glu	
210 215 220	
att ata gct aca gga aat tcc aat gtc cag aat ata att ggc aca aat	783
Ile Ile Ala Arg Gly Asn Phe Arg Leu Gln Asn Ile Ile Gly Arg Lys	
225 230 235	
atg ggc cta gaa tgc gta gat att ctc aat gca ctc ttt cga aat gca	831
Met Gly Leu Glu Cys Val Asp Ile Leu Ser Glu Leu Phe Arg Arg Gly	



ttagtatactt gaggtttttt tcccccccaq1 agataaaagag gatagacaaac ctctttaaat 1580  
 attttttacaa tttatggaa aaaaatggaa aatttctcaat acaaattcaaa caatttaat 1640  
 atttttaaaga aaaaaggaaad gttagatgtg atactgaggg taaaaaaaaa ttgatccat 1700  
 ttatggcaaa agggaaaaacc1 tggcaatttt ctttagacagt cttaaatattg tttggtttc 1760  
 catctgttag catttcagac attttatgtt ctcttcttc uattgatcc aacagaataa 1820  
 tcaacttctg gaggctttaa aatgtgttg caccttttca aagcttttt tcattgtgtg 1880  
 tttttccaa gaaagtatcc tttgtaaaaa ctgtgttg ttcccttatit ctgaaatctg 1940  
 ttttaatatt tttgtataca tggaaatattt tttgtatattt ttatatgtca aagaatataatgt 2000  
 tttttgtatg tacatataas aataatattt gctcaat 2037

<210> 14  
 <211> 447  
 <212> PRT  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 14  
 Met Ser Arg Arg Pro Cyc Ser Cys Ala Leu Arg Pro Pro Arg Cys Ser  
     1             5             10             15  
 Cys Ser Ala Ser Pro Ser Ala Val Thr Ala Ala Gly Arg Pro Arg Pro  
     20             25             30  
 Sar Asp Ser Cys Lys Glu Glu Ser Ser Thr Leu Ser Val Lys Met Lys  
     35             40             45  
 Cys Asp Phe Asn Cys Asn His Val His Ser Gly Leu Lys Leu Val Lys  
     50             55             60  
 Pro Asp Asp Ile Gly Arg Leu Val Ser Tyr Thr Pro Ala Tyr Leu Glu  
     65             70             75             80  
 Gly Ser Cys Lys Asp Cys Ile Lys Asp Tyr Glu Arg Leu Ser Cys Ile  
     85             90             95  
 Gly Ser Pro Ile Val Ser Pro Arg Ile Val Lys Leu Glu Thr Glu Ser  
     100            105            110  
 Lys Arg Leu His Asn Lys Glu Asn Gln His Val Gln Gln Thr Leu Asn  
     115            120            125  
 Ser Thr Asn Glu Ile Glu Ala Leu Glu Thr Ser Arg Leu Tyr Glu Asp  
     130            135            140  
 Ser Gly Tyr Ser Ser Phe Ser Leu Gln Ser Gly Leu Ser Glu His Glu  
     145            150            155            160  
 Glu Gly Thr Leu Leu Glu Glu Asn Phe Gly Asp Ser Leu Gln Ser Cys  
     165            170            175  
 Leu Leu Gln Ile Gln Ser Pro Asp Gln Tyr Pro Asn Lys Asn Leu Leu  
     180            185            190  
 Pro Val Leu His Phe Glu Lys Val Val Cys Ser Thr Leu Lys Lys Asn  
     195            200            205  
 Ala Lys Arg Asn Pro Lys Val Asp Arg Glu Met Leu Lys Glu Ile Ile  
     210            215            220  
 Ala Arg Gly Asn Phe Arg Leu Gln Asn Ile Ile Gly Arg Lys Met Gly  
     225            230            235            240  
 Leu Glu Cys Val Asp Ile Leu Ser Glu Leu Phe Arg Arg Gly Leu Arg  
     245            250            255  
 His Val Leu Ala Thr Ile Leu Ala Gln Leu Ser Asp Met Asp Leu Ile  
     260            265            270  
 Asn Val Ser Lys Val Ser Thr Thr Trp Lys Lys Ile Leu Glu Asp Asp  
     275            280            285  
 Lys Gly Phe Phe Gln Leu Tyr Ser Lys Ala Ile Gln Arg Val Thr Glu  
     290            295            300  
 Asn Asn Asn Lys Phe Ser Pro His Ala Ser Thr Arg Glu Tyr Val Met

305 310 315 320  
Phe Arg Thr Pro Leu Ala Ser Val Glu Lys Ser Ala Ala Gin Thr Ser  
325 330 335  
Leu Lys Asp Ala Gln Thr Lys Leu Ser Asn Gln Gly Asp Gln Lys  
340 345 350  
Gly Ser Thr Tyr Ser Arg His Asn Glu Phe Ser Glu Val Ala Lys Thr  
355 360 365  
Leu Lys Lys Asn Glu Ser Leu Lys Ala Cys Ile Arg Cys Asn Ser Pro  
370 375 380  
Ala Lys Tyr Asp Cys Tyr Leu Gin Arg Ala Thr Cys Lys Arg Glu Gly  
385 390 395 400  
Cys Gly Phe Asp Tyr Cys Thr Lys Cys Leu Cys Asn Tyr His Thr Thr  
405 410 415  
Lys Asp Cys Ser Asp Gly Iys Leu Leu Lys Ala Ser Cys Lys Ile Gly  
420 425 430  
Pro Leu Pro Gly Thr Lys Ser Lys Lys Asn Leu Arg Arg Leu  
435 440 445

<210> 15  
<211> 20  
<212> PRT  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 15  
Ser Glu Ser Pro Gly Ala Leu Arg Ser Gly Ser Leu Arg Cys Ile Ser  
1 5 10 15  
Leu Arg Ile Cys  
20

<210> 16  
<211> 20  
<212> PRT  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 16  
Val Cys Arg Gly Arg Ile Arg Ser Gly Ser Leu Arg Cys Ile Ser Leu  
1 5 10 15  
Arg Ile Cys Arg  
20

<210> 17  
<211> 20  
<212> PRT  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 17  
Leu Leu Arg Leu Gly Cys Ile Arg Leu Leu Met Leu Arg Arg Gly Val  
1 5 10 15  
Val Phe Arg Leu  
20

<210> 18  
<211> 20  
<212> PRT  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 18  
Val Leu Phe Leu Ser Leu Arg Phe Trp Gly Leu Asn Ile Val Val Met  
1 5 10 15  
Gly Arg Leu Leu  
20

<210> 19  
<211> 20  
<212> PRT  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 19  
Cys Arg Ser Leu Gly Val Ile Val Gly Gly Thr Glu Ala Ala Gly Ala  
1 5 10 15  
Pro Thr Phe Ile  
20

<210> 20  
<211> 20  
<212> PRT  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 20  
Val Leu Phe Leu Ser Leu Arg Phe Trp Gly Leu Asn Ile Val Val Met  
1 5 10 15  
Gly Arg Leu Leu  
20

<210> 21  
<211> 20  
<212> PRT  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 21  
Trp Leu Arg Arg Gly Leu Val Gly Val Phe Phe Leu Leu Ser Arg Val  
1 5 10 15  
Met Val Gly Ile  
20

<210> 22  
<211> 20  
<212> PRT  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 22  
Ser Leu Gly Leu Ser Val Cys Ile Gly Arg Arg Ala Gly Gly Gly Phe  
1 5 10 15  
Arg Gly Phe Gly  
20

<210> 23  
<211> 20  
<212> PRT  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 23  
Arg Phe Ala Leu Ser Ile Gly Val Cys Val Val Val Arg Val Gly Ile  
1 5 10 15  
Cys Leu Gly Met  
20

<210> 24  
<211> 20  
<212> PRT  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 24  
Ser Ala Val Leu Val Leu Val Tyr Val Ser Ala Ala Leu Arg Gly Arg  
1 5 10 15  
Gly Phe Gly Ile  
20

<210> 25  
<211> 20  
<212> PRT  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 25  
His Gly Gly Gly Arg Gly Ala Leu Val Ser Val Met Tyr Leu Cys Gly  
1 5 10 15  
Phe Ile Arg Leu  
20

<210> 26  
<211> 18  
<212> PRT  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 26  
Arg Gly Arg Val Ile Gly Met Trp Val Gly Leu Arg Cys Arg Met Phe  
1 5 10 15  
Leu Val

<210> 27  
<211> 15  
<212> PRT  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 27  
Val Asp Trp Ala Val Tyr Ser Val Val Trp Arg Tyr Thr Thr Thr  
1 5 10 15

<210> 28  
<211> 20  
<212> PRT  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 28

Lys Thr Ser Val Ile Leu Val Trp Arg Leu Ser Leu Phe Phe Cys Leu  
1 5 10 15  
Tyr Arg Ser Leu  
20

<210> 29  
<211> 7  
<212> PRT  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 29  
Ala Asn Arg Cys Trp Arg Glu  
1 5

<210> 30  
<211> 13  
<212> PRT  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 30  
Glu Gly Thr Leu Ser Lys Arg Met Trp Arg Thr His Asn  
1 5 10

<210> 31  
<211> 10  
<212> PRT  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 31  
Ser Trp Arg Asp Met Thr Gln Ser Gly Met  
1 5 10

<210> 32  
<211> 11  
<212> PRT  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 32  
Asp Val Pro Trp Gin Arg Ala Cys Ala Arg Gln  
1 5 10

<210> 33  
<211> 9  
<212> PRT  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 33  
Leu Glu Arg Val Ala Arg Trp Val Leu  
1 5

<210> 34  
<211> 12  
<212> PRT  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 34  
Val Ala Asp Val Leu Val Phe Trp Gly Tyr Val Phe  
1                   5                   10

<210> 35  
<211> 8  
<212> PRT  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 35  
Gly Asp Val Gly Val Phe Pro Glu  
1                   5

<210> 36  
<211> 16  
<212> PRT  
<213> Homo sapien

<220>  
<221> VARIANT  
<222> (1)...(16)  
<223> Xaa = Any Amino Acid

<400> 36  
Pro Glu Met Met Leu Glu Gly Pro Lys Tyr Cys Leu Xaa Leu Xaa Glu  
1                   5                   10                   15

<210> 37  
<211> ?  
<212> PRT  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 37  
Leu Leu Tyr Gly Ala Leu Ala  
1                   5

<210> 38  
<211> 11  
<212> PRT  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 38  
Gly Ala Ile Lys Phe Ala His Glu Ser Cys Glu  
1                   5                   10

<210> 39  
<211> 5  
<212> PRT  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 39  
Pro Met Ala Met Asp  
1                   5

<210> 40

<211> 5  
<212> PRT  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 40  
Gln Glu Glu Glu Met  
1 5

<210> 41  
<211> 12  
<212> PRT  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 41  
Ile Ser Val Val His Gly Ile Gly Ser Asp Ser Asp  
1 5 10

<210> 42  
<211> 28  
<212> DNA  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Primer

<400> 42  
ggggattcgg acttatggca tgtaaaca 28

<210> 43  
<211> 19  
<212> DNA  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Primer

<400> 43  
tagccaaqtt gggaaatgga 19

<210> 44  
<211> 35  
<212> DNA  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Primer

<400> 44  
gtgaaattcaat gcaactcgta cttgtatatag agttc 35

<210> 45  
<211> 23  
<212> DNA  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Primer

<400> 45  
ggactcgagg ctctacagag gcc 23

<210> 46  
<211> 31  
<212> DNA  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Primer

<400> 46  
gtatcaaqtat atggcttcag aagagctaca g 31

<210> 47  
<211> 37  
<212> DNA  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Primer

<400> 47  
gatcgtatcc tccaaattec gtgtctcatt tggcttg 37

<210> 48  
<211> 36  
<212> DNA  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Primer

<400> 48  
ccctctgatt ccatatgagc gataaaatata ttccacc 36

<210> 49  
<211> 34  
<212> DNA  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Primer

<400> 49  
gatccctcgag tagatggcca gtttggccat gtta 34